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OFFICE—Front Room, Over Postoffice.
BLOOMSBURG, PA.

J. H. MAIZE
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,
INSURANCE and REAL ESTATE AGENT,
OFFICE.—Room No. 2, COLUMBIAN building.
BLOOMSBURG, PA.
Jan. 20th 1888, tf.

N. U. FUNK,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW.
Office in Ent's Building. BLOOMSBURG, PA

J OHN M. CLARK,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW
AND
JUSTICE OF THE PEACE.
BLOOMSBURG, PA
Office over Moyer Bros. Drug Store.

C. W. MILLER,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW
Office in Brower's building, second floor, room No. 1
Bloomsburg, Pa.

B. FRANK ZARR,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW.
Bloomsburg, Pa.
Office corner of Centre and Main Streets, Clark's Building.
Can be consulted in German.

G EO. E. ELWELL
—ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,—
BLOOMSBURG, PA.
Office on second floor, third room of COLUMBIAN Building, Main street, below Exchange Hotel.

H. V. WHITE,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,
BLOOMSBURG, PA.
Office in Wirts' Building, 2nd floor.
may 1-tf

L. S. WINTERSTEEN,
Attorney-at-Law
AND
NOTARY PUBLIC.
Office in National Bank building, second floor, first door to the left. Corner of Main and Market treets Bloomsburg, Pa.
Pensions and Bounties Collected.

F. P. BILLMEYER,
(*DISTRICT ATTORNEY.*)
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW.
Office over Dentler's shoe store, Bloomsburg, Pa. [apr-30.86.

W. H. RHAWN.
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW.
Catawissa, Pa
Office, corner of Third and Main Streets

R OBERT R. LITTLE,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,
BLOOMSBURG, PA.
Office, COLUMBIAN Building, second floor, front room.

G RANT HERRING,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,
BLOOMSBURG, PA.
Office over Rawling's Meat Market.

D R. HONORA A. ROBBINS.
Office and residence, West First street, Bloomsburg, Pa. nov24 88 1y.

J. B. McKELVY, M. D., Surgeon and Physician, north side Main street, below Market

D R. J. C. RUTTER,
PHYSICIAN & SURGEON,
Office, North Market street,
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Treatment of Chronic Diseases made a
SPECIALTY.
Office, Third Street,
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M. J. HESS, D. D. S.,
Graduate of the Philadelphia Dental College, Having opened a dental office in
LOCKARD'S BUILDING,
corner of Main and Centre streets,
BLOOMSBURG, PA.,
is prepared to receive all patients requiring professional services.
ETHER, GAS, AND LOCAL ANAESTHETICS administered for the painless extraction of teeth free of charge when artificial teeth are inserted.
ALL WORK GUARANTEED AS REPRESENTED.
Oct 26-1y.

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—DENTIST,—
BLOOMSBURG, COLUMBIA COUNTY, PA
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To be open at all hours during the day
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REPRESENTS THE FOLLOWING
A MERICAN INSURANCE COMPANIES
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Franklin, " "
Pennsylvania, " "
York, of Pennsylvania,
Hanover, of N. Y.
Queens, of London.
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Office on Market Street, No. 6, Bloomsburg.
oct. 24, 1

Bloomsburg Fire and Life Ins. Agency.
ESTABLISHED 1865.
M. P. LUTZ
(Successor to Freas Brown)
AGENT AND BROKER,

COMPANIES REPRESENTED:

	Assets
Ætna Fire Ins. Co., of Hartford,	$ 9,038,308.97
Hartford of Hartford	5,288,609.95
Phoenix of Hartford	4,778469 13
Continental of Springfield	3,099 903.98
Fire Association, Philadelphia	4,512,78.5.39
Carolan of London	20,666,325.71
Phoenix, of London	6,924,561.48
Lancashire of England (U. S. branch)	1,642,195.00
Royal of England " "	4,853,564.00
Mutual Benefit Life Ins. Co. of Newark, N. J.	41,379,228.33

Losses promptly adjusted and paid at this office.

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J. H. MAIZE,
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ASSETS.	
IMPERIAL of London,	$9,608,479.00
CONTINENTAL of New York,	5,379,981.58
AMERICAN of Philadelphia,	2,401,956.11
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June 1, 1888, tf.

Exchange Hotel,
BENTON, PA.
The undersigned has leased this well-known house, and is prepared to accommodate the public with all the conveniences of a first-class hotel.
LEMUEL DRAKE, Proprietor.

The Columbian.

G. E. ELWELL, J. K. BITTENBENDER, } Proprietors.

BLOOMSBURG, PA., FRIDAY, JULY 19, 1889.

THE COLUMBIAN, VOL. XXIII, NO 29
COLUMBIA DEMOCRAT, VOL. LIII, NO 13

THE MANDARIN.

While seated in his palanquin,
Rode Ling Gum Foo, a mandarin;
Some laundry people working nigh,
Were hanging garments out to dry.
He beckoned to his golden fan,
And thus addressed the nearest man:
"Why do the rays upon your line
Like glaciers of Alaska shine?
Since we set out from Ning Po Keen,

A finer sight I have not seen!"
"We washed those garments," answered he,
"With soap that's made beyond the sea,
The IVORY SOAP they call it there,
We find it good beyond compare."
Then said the mandarin profound:
"Go, order me a thousand pound,
And they who use another kind,
Shall prison cell and scaffold find!"

A WORD OF WARNING.

There are many white soaps, each represented to be "just as good as the 'Ivory';" they ARE NOT, but like all counterfeits, lack the peculiar and remarkable qualities of the genuine. Ask for "Ivory" Soap and insist upon getting it.

Copyright 1885, by Procter & Gamble.

Eases Pain Instantly. Strengthens Weak Parts. Quiets Nervousness.
Fresh Buds, Hemlock Gum and Pine Balsam, prepared and spread, all ready to apply.
Best Plaster Ever Made.

HOP PLASTER

COMPLETELY AND SPEEDILY CURES All Aches, Pains, Soreness or Weakness in the Back, Chest, Side, Kidneys, Shoulder, Neck, Limbs, or Muscles.

Sold by Drug and country stores. 25 Cts. 5 for $1. Mailed for price.
Look for the proprietor's signature
HOP PLASTER CO., BOSTON, *on all genuine goods.*

QUALITY AND PRICE

We don't starve Quality to throw a bone to Price. In other words, we don't slight our work or use inferior trimmings to tempt you with a low price for poor goods. None but the Best Clothing for Men, Youths, Boys and Children.

A. C. YATES & Co
LEDGER BUILDING,
SIXTH AND CHESTNUT,
PHILADELPHIA.

Smithie C. Shuttleges' Media Academy.
Near Philadelphia.
School Opens Sept. 19th.
Yearly Expense, $500.
Quarterly Paym'ts, $125.
Admits and classifies young men and boys at any time; fits them for Business, any College, Polytechnic School, for West Point or Annapolis. Advanced classes in Physics, Chemistry, Surveying, Electrical or Civil Engineering, Classics, Mathematics, etc. One of the best equipped and best managed Schools. All students board with the Principal. Teachers all men and graduates of first-class Colleges. Fine buildings; single or double rooms. Every room has in it a steam radiator and is completely furnished. Grounds (ten acres) for foot-ball, base-ball, athletics, etc. Gymnasium. Special opportunities for apt students to advance rapidly. Private tutoring and special drill for backward boys. Parents or students may select any studies, or a Business, College-Preparatory, Electrical, or Civil-Engineering course. Physical and Chemical Laboratory. Practical Business Department, with Telegraphy, Short-hand, Type-writing, etc., etc. More fully supplied with apparatus than any other College-fitting school. Media Academy affords every home comfort, the best education, and the best training. Finely-located, every exposure. No examinations for admission. New illustrated catalogue sent free to any address. SMITHIE C. SHUTTLEDGE, A.B., A.M. (Harvard Graduate), Principal and Proprietor, Media, Pa. Circulars at this office.

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—:o:—
G. W. BERTSCH,
THE MERCHANT TAILOR.
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Gents' Furnishing Goods, Hats & Caps
OF EVERY DESCRIPTION.
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Suits made to order at short notice and a fit always guaranteed or no sale. Call and examine the largest and best selected stock of goods ever shown in Columbia county.
Store—next door to First National Bank
MAIN STREET,
Bloomsburg Pa.

EXCHANGE HOTEL,
W. R. TUBBS, PROPRIETOR
BLOOMSBURG, PA.
OPPOSITE COURT HOUSE.
Large and convenient sample rooms. Bath room hot and cold water, and all modern conveniences

EXHAUSTED VITALITY AND THE UNTOLD MISERIES
Resulting from the Errors of Youth, Folly, Vice, Ignorance, &c., may be cured at home without full or exposure. Address in strictest and Confidential. Large Treatise, 300 pages, only $1 by mail, sealed, postpaid. Small book, with endorsements of the press, free. Send now. Address the Peabody Medical Institute, or Dr. W. H. Parker, No. 4 Bulfinch St., Boston, Mass. July 19-d-4t.

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Is Combining a Parlor, Library, Smoking, Reclining, or Invalid CHAIR, LOUNGE, OTTOMAN and COUCH. Price $7.00 each.
We make the largest variety of Adjustable, Reclining, Physicians', Surgeons' Operating, Invalid Rolling, Hammock, Office, Library, Fancy Cane Folding, Reed and Rattan CHAIRS and ROCKERS, BICYCLES, TRICYCLES, VELOCIPEDES and SELF PROPELLERS.
ALL KINDS OF APPLIANCES FOR INVALIDS.
BABY COACHES
Over 100 different designs.
Our Patent Automatic Brake on all Carriages. Free. We have discontinued wholesaling, by placing your orders direct with the makers you can save several profits. Our elegant price list and special Harrowing will astonish you. Goods sold under a guarantee and delivered free to any point in United States. Send stamp for Catalogue, and state class of goods you wish it for.
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TEAS, SYRUPS, COFFEE, SUGAR, MOLASSES
RICE, SPICES, BICARB SODA, ETC., ETC.
N. E. Corner Second and Arch Sts.
Orders will receive prompt attention

CROWN ACME
THE BEST BURNING OIL THAT CAN BE MADE FROM PETROLEUM.
It gives a brilliant light.
It will not smoke the chimneys.
It will not char the wick.
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It is pre-eminently a family safety oil.
WE CHALLENGE COMPARISON
With any other illuminating oil made.
We Stake Our Reputation,
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Ask your dealer for
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LOOK !
If You want a good situation write MAY BROTHERS, Nurserymen, Rochester, N. Y., as they are in want of honest and upright salesmen to sell their choice an i hardy varieties of Nursery Stock, either on salary or commission. Many new and valuable varieties to offer. Write them at once for terms.
DELAYS ARE DANGEROUS.
July 5-d-4t.

GET YOUR JOB PRINTING
DONE AT THE
COLUMBIAN OFFICE

THE NEWS BRIEFLY TOLD

Fresh Telegraphic Notes Carefully Condensed.

HERE, THERE AND EVERYWHERE.

Small, but Nutritious—The News of the World from Pole to Pole Carefully Culled and Boiled Down for Busy Readers.

Governor Hill, of New York, has filled the existing vacancies in the board of emigration commissioners by appointing Gen. Daniel D. Wylie in place of George J. Forrest, deceased, and Edgar L. Ridgway in place of Charles N. Tainter, resigned. Neither of the appointees were applicants for the position.

The general term of New York supreme court has affirmed the action of the special term in ordering a reference in the suit of Dr. C. E. Simmons against the S. J. Tilden estate for $100,000 for medical services to the late Mr. Tilden. The same court also granted a new trial to Margaret Mather in her suit against Manager J. M. Hill for enforcement of contract; confirmed the sentence of Lawyer John R. Dunn to nine and a half year's imprisonment for complicity in Teller Scott's theft of $150,000 from the Manhattan bank, and affirmed the denial by the special term of an application for a stay of proceedings in the matter of the dissolution of the North River Sugar Refining company, pending an appeal from Judge Barrett's decision that the company had forfeited its corporate rights by joining the sugar trust.

A number of bishops and others have petitioned the Vatican to canonize Christopher Columbus on the anniversary of the discovery of America.

William Londer, the cashier of the Keufel & Esser company's works at Hoboken, has disappeared. Application has been made for his arrest. A deficit of nearly $10,000 has been discovered in his accounts.

A man's hand was found in an ash dump at Elizabeth, N. J. Speculation is rife as to how it came there. Some people believe that it was amputated by some hospital surgeon, who carelessly threw it into a garbage barrel instead of causing it to be buried.

The officers of the vessels wrecked at Samoa, with the exception of Surgeons White and Norfleet, have been ordered to their homes from San Francisco.

White Caps tried to flog August Belz at Appleton, Wis., but he drew a bowie knife and slashed right and left. One man is fatally injured and half a dozen others slightly.

William Hilton, one of the characters of Bradford, Pa., was found dead at the door of a notorious dive, horribly cut up. "Dutch Annie" and one of the inmates were arrested.

A cable dispatch says that Miss Gwendoline Caldwell, who gave $300,000 to found the Catholic university at Washington, is engaged to Prince Murat of France.

Smith Scudder, a farmer living half a mile east of Fanwood, N. J., was literally cut to pieces by a reaping machine. The horses started to run away, and Scudder attempted to jump on the reaper to stop them. He was thrown in the teeth of the machine and dragged 200 yards, where he was found soon afterward with the flesh torn from his head, legs and body. He died an hour later.

Miss Eva Meyer, daughter of Nicholas Meyer, a prominent Mt. Morris, N. Y., saloonkeeper, committed suicide by taking Paris green. She had been ailing for a long time, and was despondent. She was about 24 years of age.

Counsel on both sides in the Stewart will case are trying to arrange for arbitration of the dispute out of court.

Charles G. Randall has been arrested near Syracuse. He is wanted at Berlin, Worcester county, Mass., for burglary and larceny.

In the inquest over the body of the boy Fitzsimmons, killed in Duluth's riot, the jury found that he met his death at the hands of persons unknown and that he took no part in the riot. The six rioters now in jail will probably get penitentiary sentences.

The commission to inquire into the sanity of William Manley, who murdered Officer O'Neill in Rochester a few months ago, reported that the prisoner is insane.

Mrs. Ricker's block in Kenduskeag, Me., was burned, together with a grist mill and a bridge. Loss about $10,000, partially insured.

The leather workers' strike at A. B. Martin's factory, Lynn, Mass., has been settled. The men have returned to work under a three year agreement.

The braid manufacturers of the United States met at New York to consider the formation of a braid trust.

The secretary of the treasury has appointed Joseph Reardon a special inspector of the treasury department. He will be assigned to the New England states.

Maurice B. Flynn, the well known New York politician, is dead. He died at Long Branch, aged 41 years. The malady which ended his life was cancer of the stomach.

Judge Tuley, in a lengthy decision, has denied the application of John F. Beggs for a writ of habeas corpus.

Mr. S. L. M. Barlow, the well known New York lawyer, is dead.

John Kelly has been hanged at Canandaigua, N. Y., for the murder of Eleanor Shea, Nov. 6, 1888.

Emperor William is said to have forbidden German officers attending the Paris exposition.

The editor of The Fleusburg Avis has been sentenced to a year's imprisonment for publishing offensive articles.

A cenotaph to Gen. Alfred Napoleon Duffie has been dedicated by members of the First Rhode Island Cavalry Veteran association at Providence.

The St. Joseph, Mo., Refining company has been absorbed by the sugar trust, and has closed down for a term of three years. The consideration is $18,000 a year. About 175 persons are thrown out of employment.

Laura M. Asbdown, a well known St. Louis society belle, has sued E. F. Allen, of Kansas City, for breach of promise, claiming $50,000 damages.

Williams' hat factory, on South Orange avenue, South Orange, was partly destroyed by fire, occasioning a loss of $5,000.

George Whitmore, of Rochester, has complained to the police that he was robbed of $1,075 by Ada Knapp, also of Rochester. The parties were to have been married at Buffalo. Whitmore had drawn $1,100 from the bank, and Ada persuaded him to let her have the money. They were accompanied by two mutual friends named William Wall and Charles Boyle. Whitmore went to get a minister to tie the knot, when Ada skipped with Wall and Boyle, taking the cash with her.

Mary Brady, of Jersey City, has been indicted by the court of sessions upon the charge of being a common scold. The old ducking stool punishment is still in force in that state, and if convicted the woman may be ducked.

The secretary of the treasury has appointed Robert D. Layton to be immigrant inspector, with headquarters for the present at Pittsburg; John L. Morton, to be shipping commissioner at San Francisco, and Henry Johnson, to be shipping commissioner at Philadelphia. Mr. Morton is a son of Oliver P. Morton.

The Morocco Manufacturers' National association has chosen the following officers: President, J. Parke Postles, Wilmington, Del.; vice president, Henry A. Pevear, Lynn, Mass.; second vice president, W. J. McCleary, Wilmington, Del.; secretary, Charles A. Meurer, Philadelphia; treasurer, M. S. Atkinson, Baltimore; executive committee, George L. Ross, New York; W. S. Pitton, Philadelphia; Percy A. Seeley, Newark, N. J.; W. E. Mills, Glensworth, N. Y.; Charles Baird, Wilmington, Del.; A. B. Martin, Lynn, Mass.; M. S. Atkinson, Baltimore.

The steamer Haytien Republic, which arrived at San Francisco, seventy-six days from New York, was damaged by a fire in her coal bunkers May 26.

The engineers of the Philadelphia and Reading Railroad company have been directed to go ahead with the work of constructing the elevated road to Twelfth and Market streets in Philadelphia. As soon as the route has been surveyed and the stakes driven an army of workmen will begin the task of tearing down the buildings in the line of the elevated structure.

T. C. Evans, a Boston advertising agent, has failed. Liabilities, $40,000; assets, $35,000. He offers fifty cents on the dollar.

Ancillary letters of administration have been granted to Mabel C. T. E. Bishop, in the matter of the estate of the late Washington Irving Bishop. The estate amounts to $65 in money deposited in a Philadelphia bank.

A naval court martial has been ordered to convene at Annapolis on Tuesday, July 16, for the trial of Capt. Harrington for running the Constellation aground near Norfolk, June 18.

The National Confectioners' association has elected Jacob Buss, of Cincinnati, president; John S. Hawley, of New York, vice president; Martin Dawson, of Chicago, secretary; C. S. Miller, of Philadelphia, treasurer.

The supreme council of the American Order of Steam Engineers has chosen J. Young, Jr., of New York, supreme chief engineer; Jeremiah Leahy, Jr., of New Jersey, first assistant chief; Charles E. Jacks, of Massachusetts, supreme recording engineer; W. V. Warfield, of Massachusetts, supreme corresponding engineer; William E. Jones, J. H. Blanchard and J. W. Diehl, executive officers. The next council will be at Philadelphia next July.

The works of the Consolidated Tank Line company, of St. Joseph, Mo., were struck by lightning and destroyed. Loss, $75,000.

The officers of the City of Chicago, from Liverpool, report having passed in lat. 41.20 and long. 52.40 the derelict schooner Ellen M. Davis.

Benjamin Johnson, aged 21, who resides in Pelhamville, N. Y., was struck by a train on the New York, New Haven and Hartford railroad while walking on the track between New Rochelle and Pelhamville and instantly killed.

Patrick Kiernan, aged 24, was drowned while bathing in the Bronx river, near Mt. Vernon, N. Y.

Edward Meyer, a longshoreman, aged 30, was shot and killed at New Orleans, on Seventh street, by George Kleyl, a gambler, who is now in custody. Two companions of Kleyl made their escape. It is thought that the three men robbed Meyer before killing him.

Fire at Baltimore caused a loss of $10,000 to George Chipman & Sons, chair manufacturers; $8,000 to Chatterton & Webb, and $6,000 to the Johns Hopkins estate, which owned the buildings.

Levi Ehrhardt, aged 23, living at Gladfelter, near York, Pa., sat down on the Northern Central railroad, fell asleep and was killed by a south bound passenger train.

Mackee, the Hamburg bank swindler, has been sentenced to eight years penal servitude.

Wilkie Collins' condition has materially improved since the last unfavorable reports.

The farmers and stock raisers of Middlesex, Mercer and Somerset counties, New Jersey, are greatly exercised over the appearance among their cattle of the "Buffalo fly," and the fatal results of the insect's poisonous sting. Three cows in Kingston, Somerset county, have already died.

C. R. Hallowell, a well known horse dealer of Plymouth, Pa., has failed for $8,800.

The will of Anna May Hutton, Countess Harold de Moltke Huitfeldt, leaves $1,000 to the Society for the Protection of Animals at Orange, N. J.; 10,000 francs to Mlle. Hocart for her hospital; 5,000 francs to Mme. Athanase Coquerel for her orphanage. She also directs that she be buried in France.

Francis E. Trowbridge, the New York broker, who was arrested some months ago for alleged fraudulent conversion, in a suit brought by Francis E. Hurtt to recover $11,880, petitioned for discharge under the insolvent act. As there was no opposition Judge Van Brunt ordered him produced in court for discharge.

The Hartford club has released Nick Handboe and signed Henry Porter, formerly of Brooklyn and Kansas City.

The comptroller of the currency has authorized the Winnisimmet National bank, of Chelsea, Mass., to begin business with a capital of $100,000.

It is stated that the leading publishing houses of the United States have formed a combination for the control of the sale of educational works. The main object of the combination, it is claimed, is to reduce the expenses of selling publications by changing the methods of competition among the different houses. Traveling salesmen are to be dispensed with and competition with rival houses will be carried on by means of letters and circulars directly from the headquarters of the combine.

Breadstuffs exports during June past aggregated in value $8,925,958, against $7,680,825 during June, 1888.

F. C. Taft's dry goods house and a number of small dwellings adjoining at Pueblo, Colo., were burned. Loss, $35,000; insurance, $30,000.

Abner Powell, late manager of the New Orleans Baseball club, has been put in charge of the Hamiltons, and Swartwood will be made field captain. Powell will play second base and Kearns third. McShannie will not be played for the present, as his work of late has been very unsatisfactory.

Manuel Lopez, governor of the Bay Islands, is dead.

Five and one-half inches of rain fell in Davenport, Ia., Sunday. The storm was the heaviest in years.

Deputy Sheriff Keller, of Columbus, Ind., was fatally clubbed by Hotel Proprietor Henry on Sunday for walking with Miss Henry against her father's orders.

A boat containing five men who were skylarking capsized at Stone Bridge, Mass. One of the men, Jeremiah Sullivan, aged 38, of Boston, was drowned.

The Philadelphia cricketers played with the Gloucester team, who opened with 311. The Americans then made 68, with five wickets down, when the game was called.

Two freight trains on the Missouri, Kansas and Texas road were almost entirely destroyed by a collision at Boonville, Mo. The trainmen escaped by jumping, but 150 head of cattle were killed.

Owing to recent disastrous storms in northern Bohemia all the vines in that region, as well as the entire fruit crop, will prove a total failure.

DEATH ON A CABLE CAR.

A Broken Brake Causes a Panic—One Passenger Killed.

CINCINNATI, July 15.—At 8:25 p. m. cable cars Nos. 307 and 319 of the Vine Street Cable road were going northward heavily loaded, every seat being taken. When the cars reached the power house the gripman left the cars and Conductor Goodman took his place. After leaving the power house the speed of the cars was increased, it being down grade, the grip loosened and the cable dropped.

Shooting ahead, the momentum increased every moment by the grade and heavy load passengers, until a speed of eighteen miles an hour was reached. When Eichler's garden, a pleasure resort, was reached, a passenger requested the conductor to stop the cars.

In an instant the brake chain broke, and fell on the rapidly revolving front axle, becoming fastened to it. The flooring of the cars was knocked out, and a panic ensued. The passengers jumped out and were tossed in every direction, stunned and dazed. After the cars were stopped it was learned that the following were killed and injured:

Killed—Mrs. William Lellgate, neck broken and skull fractured.

Injured—Mrs. S. Keller, severe contusions about the head and body.

Thomas Conboy, Newport, Ky., left arm broken, cut on chin and contusions.

Young woman, unknown, eye gouged out and bruises on head and body.

THEIR ANNUAL SUMMER GAMES.

The Winners in the Tournament of the Cape May Athletic Club.

CAPE MAY, N. J., July 16.—The third annual summer games of the Cape May City Athletic club took place. The winners are:

One hundred yards dash—Peter Vredenburgh, Princeton college, 10 1-5s.

Running high jump—E. E. Barnes, New Jersey Athletic club, 5ft. 7in.

Six hundred yards—W. C. Dohm, New York Athletic club, 1m. 18 3 5s.

Putting sixteen pound shot—C. A. Queckenbecker, Staten Island Athletic club, 37ft. 9in.

One mile run—H. D. Skillman, New York Athletic club, 4m. 59s.

Throwing sixteen pound hammer—C. J. Queckenbecker, 112ft. 6in.

Two hundred and twenty yards run—W. M. Perrett, Schuikill Navy Athletic club, 23 1-5s.

Half mile run—H. W. Slechter, Schuylkill Navy Athletic club, 2m. 6 1-5s.

Two mile bicycle race—F. G. Brown, New York Athletic club.

Four hundred and forty yards run—A. W. S. Cochrane, New York Athletic club, 53s.

Running broad jump—E. E. Barnes, New York Athletic club, 22ft. 2½in.

The track was slow because of the rain.

IS ELECTRICITY CRUEL?

More Evidence in the Kemmler Investigation.

"THIS MEANS MOST BARBAROUS"

Is What Commissioner Gibbons Calls Capital Punishment by Electricity—Interesting Testimony in the Reference Before Referee Baker.

NEW YORK, July 16.—Referee Baker, appointed by the court to examine into the merits or demerits of the new mode of capital punishment by electricity, resumed his investigation, and listened to some interesting evidence.

Fighting for a Life.

Bourke Cockran stated, before the reference began, that he wished it to be distinctly understood that he was fighting hard—aye, very hard—to save the condemned murderer, Kemmler, from an awful fate, which would surely be the case were he to be put to death by electricity, even though it be according to law.

Electrocution Strongly Denounced.

Commissioner Gibbons, when called upon to testify, was strong in his denunciation of the use of electricity for capital punishment. "I have not the slightest hesitancy in saying that this means of killing a man is most barbarous," he remarked, "and I trust that it never will be enforced."

Electrician John W. Noble was the next to tell what he knew of the evil effects of electricity, and he cited for example the experiments conducted by a former witness, Harold P. Brown, on dogs, at Edison's works. The witness went on to describe the fearful sufferings of the canines, which kicked and squirmed like eels out of water when the electricity was applied to their bodies. In fact Mr. Brown declared the dogs were not killed outright, but suffered a lingering death.

Expert McAddie's Testimony.

"Now, Mr. McAddie, tell the referee what you know about the power of electricity and how it sometimes acts," said Bourke Cockran, as the witness took his seat.

Mr. McAddie describes himself as an expert on "atmospherical electricity." For seven years, he stated, he had made a thorough study of the matter. He described the effect of electricity on a human being as a "current charge." The first effect produced was unconsciousness, the second a paralysis of the nerves and muscles, and the third a suspension of respiration and circulation. He doubted if the machine proposed to be used by the state would kill a man, as the structure of human beings differed so radically.

Two points in fact were involved, he said. First, that of the resistance of the man, and second that of the course of the current. The witness believed that one half of a man might be paralyzed and the other half retain all its natural functions. Then, again, science had not as yet demonstrated the fact that a current can, with any certainty, be driven through the vital part of a man's anatomy. Continuing, Mr. McAddie said that assuming the condemned criminal was not killed outright the effect of the shock would be a slow carbonizing of his body.

The Effect Upon Human Beings.

The witness then described a case of lightning striking a woman, throwing her some three feet, where she was left unconscious, with no pulse and no perceptible action of the heart. She turned purple in the face, but after a lapse of some hours was resuscitated and finally recovered. When the witness was asked if the electrodes in the death dealing machine would have a tendency to burn the skin he replied that it was a hard matter to determine. The wet sponges applied to the electrodes could be well dampened with water, but the witness said he wouldn't be surprised if the electricity burned up the sponges.

When asked by Mr. Cockran if the witness had ever known of cases of people being struck by lightning and thought to be dead, he said that he had. "No instrument that I know of is certain to kill," said the witness. "I know that people are killed by electricity, but how, I have not been able to ascertain."

The Dog Dash's Experience.

Charles Topper, a restaurant keeper, of No. 226 Eighth avenue, took the stand after recess. He told how his dog Dash had stepped upon a "live" wire in the street on July 2, and remained unconscious for ten hours, and thought to be dead. Mr. Topper had his dog with him to prove his assertions, and when the animal was examined he was found to have sustained several scars from contact with the electrical current.

Law and Order Men in Trouble.

NEW YORK, July 16.—Warrants have been issued for the arrest of Alexander Ebbis, John L. Abbott, Alexis Delafoli and C. Prosch, officers of the Law and Order league of New Jersey, for assault on Mr. and Mrs. Thomas Collins, John Burns, James Boyle and others at Fort Lee, N. J., on Sunday. Collins keeps a liquor store at Fort Lee and resides over the store. The Law and Order league officers on Sunday made an attempt to go up stairs, when they were met by Mrs. Collins, who resisted them, and was struck by one of the officers. Mr. Collins then interfered and was knocked senseless by one of the officers. Burns, Boyle and Meahen, it is said, remonstrated with the Law and League men, when they were clubbed. Mrs. Collins and Meahen were arrested and released on bail. Civil suits, it is said, will be brought against the Law and League men, as it is claimed they had no authority to enter private premises under the law of New Jersey.

Affairs at Johnstown.

JOHNSTOWN, Pa., July 16.—A plan has been submitted to bring the matter of consolidation of the different boroughs with Johnstown before the voters at the next general election. The board of trade passed resolutions urging that steps be taken to bring the matter of clearing up the streams to the attention of the national government, and urging an appropriation for that purpose. As now arranged, the sufferers are put in five classes and are paid respectively $600, $400, $300, $125 and $80 in each. If there are funds enough for another distribution, the same basis will be used. A man named Angerstein, of Washington, D. C., addressed a crowd at an outdoor meeting on a plan of action to be formulated to deal fairly with the people, but did not touch on their grievances to any extent.

To Fight for $4,000,000.

SAN FRANCISCO, July 16.—The contest over the property of the late Thomas H. Blythe has been commenced in court and promises to be one of the most celebrated cases ever brought to the attention of the courts on the Pacific coast, as the property involved is valued at $4,000,000, and the claimants number over two hundred persons. The most prominent of these are Florence Blythe, who avers she is the illegitimate child of the deceased millionaire, and Alice F. Dickerson, who claims that Blythe recognized her as his wife.

An Editor in Trouble.

NEW YORK, July 16.—Mrs. Charles B. Fowler is about to institute a suit for libel against the editor and proprietor of The Watertown Herald. Arthur D. Williams, attorney for Dr. Bryan, has also prepared a complaint, and the newspaper man will be brought to this city to answer in a civil suit. He may also be indicted for criminal libel. The articles complained of charged an intimacy between Dr. Bryan and Mrs. Fowler during the life time of Col. Fowler, and insinuated that the doctor was anxious to break his engagement with Mary Tobin, and that both he and Mrs. Fowler were anxious for the death of the colonel, so that they could be married.

Bishop McQuaid vs. Father Lambert.

NEW YORK, July 16.—The Catholic News has received the following from its Roman correspondent: The Propaganda has rendered a decision in the controversy between Bishop McQuaid, of Rochester, and Father Lambert. It is decided that Father Lambert is still connected with the diocese of Rochester. This is a point against the bishop. It is further decided that Father Lambert by his acts justly deserved suspension. As to the future course of priest and prelate, it recommends that Father Lambert make a retreat of expiation and seek reconciliation with his superior, who in return must provide a place for him in his diocese.

A CHINESE JOHNSTOWN.

Seven Villages Near Kwang Lung Inundated.

SIX THOUSAND WERE DROWNED.

Meager Details of a Frightful Disaster. Other Districts Said to Have Suffered and Ten Thousand of the Survivors Are Reported Homeless.

SAN FRANCISCO, July 16.—The City of New York, from Hong Kong and Yokohama, has just arrived.

She reports that a tornado burst in the district northeast of Kwang Lung, June 2, and flooded the level country.

Six Thousand Were Lost.

Seven villages were inundated and houses were swept away.

More than six thousand persons were lost.

Ten Thousand Homeless.

Other districts suffered greatly and hundreds of lives in those places were also lost. More than ten thousand survivors are homeless.

THE G. A. R. ENCAMPMENT.

Milwaukee Preparing for It, Despite the One Cent Per Mile Refusal.

MILWAUKEE, July 16.—Milwaukee will continue to make preparations for the national encampment of the Grand Army of the Republic, notwithstanding the fact that the railroads have refused a one cent per mile rate and eight commanders have decided to discourage the attendance of their various posts.

The common council have passed the following resolution by an unanimous vote:

Resolved, That we, the common council of the city of Milwaukee, regretting that any adverse action has been taken by any department commander of the Grand Army of the Republic upon the acceptance of an invitation to hold their twenty-third national encampment in this city, hereby request and authorize the local encampment executive council to continue and complete all necessary arrangements for the proper care and entertainment of our expected and honored guests; and in the name of our city, extend to the hosts of this organization a cordial and hearty greeting.

An Alleged Brutal Assault.

SCRANTON, Pa., July 16.—A disreputable woman named Mary Jane Lane alleges that she was criminally assaulted by fifteen men at a place called Dickson City, about five miles north of Scranton. She states that she was on her way to Scranton when assaulted by one Anthony Ducy, who dragged her into the bushes near the river, where she was assaulted by fourteen of his companions, one of whom flourished a revolver and threatened to kill her. She says that she was kept in the woods all night by her assailants, and that one time she tried to escape through the river and was dragged back. Five men, named Daniel Rafferty, Anthony Ducy, Charles McConnell, Albert Griffith and Lincoln Lloyd, have been arrested for the crime and placed in the county prison. The remainder of the woman's assailants are in hiding.

Presidents' Sons Meet.

LONDON, July 16.—Three gentlemen, each the son of a president, met at the United States legation a couple of days ago. Two of them called upon Minister Lincoln, the son of the late President Lincoln. The visitors were Jesse, son of the late President Grant, and Russell, the son of President Harrison. Such a meeting seldom occurs anywhere, and never before in London.

Secretary Lewis Resigns.

PITTSBURG, July 16.—W. T. Lewis, secretary of the Miners' National Progressive union, has written to President McBride, of that body, resigning his office. Mr. Lewis intends to sever his connection with labor organizations entirely, and will go to the Paris exposition as one of the party of representative American workingmen. On his return to this country he will begin to practice law.

An Increase in Wages.

COATESVILLE, Pa., July 16.—Kurtz & Sons' Valley Iron works, Worth Brothers' Viaduct and Brandywine Iron mills, and Hudson & Sons' iron and steel mills have posted notices to their workmen that a raise of 25 cents per ton will be paid hereafter in their puddling departments, making the price $3.50 per ton. They are all running full time.

Mrs. Carter Denied a New Trial.

CHICAGO, July 16.—In the superior court Judge Jamieson overruled the motion for a new trial in the divorce case and entered a decree of divorce in favor of Lester Carter. He also gave Mr. Carter absolute control of the boy Dudley, Mrs. Carter having permission to visit him at certain times. Mrs. Carter will appeal to the appellate court.

Beggs Still After a Writ.

CHICAGO, July 16.—Late in the afternoon the attorneys of John F. Beggs, the Cronin suspect, made an application to Judge Horton for a writ of habeas corpus. The judge was engaged in trying a case, and agreed to hear arguments on the petition later.

George Theiss Dead.

NEW YORK, July 16.—George Theiss, the famous music hall proprietor, whose place on Fourteenth street, opposite Tammany Hall, is said to be one of the most gorgeous concert saloons in the world, is dead at his home near Whitestone, L. I. He was worth $300,000.

Judge Tyner's Condition Serious.

WASHINGTON, July 16.—

The Columbian.

G. E. Elwell, J. K. Bittenbender., } Editors.

BLOOMSBURG, PA.

FRIDAY, JULY 19, 1889.

The Republicans—Prohibition Issue.

Having burned their own fingers in meddling with the Prohibition issue, remarks the Philadelphia *Record*, the Republican leaders betray great anxiety as to the position the Democrats in Pennsylvania will take on the liquor question. The Democrats, however, are not troubling themselves. The position has been taken from the start. All sumptuary legislation is obnoxious to the Democratic party. The voting done in June indicates that a large majority of the people of Pennsylvania agree with the Democratic party as to this matter. The trouble will come when the Republican platform shall be written. What starting-hole will that party next find out to hide its past treacheries from its Prohibition allies?

Forty-Two Stars Not Legal.

Although the Navy Department has issued an order to the effect that hereafter all flags made for the navy shall contain forty two stars, a request from the Assistant Treasurer at New York for a flag of this description has been refused by the Treasury Department. The officials of the Revenue Marine Bureau, which distributes flags to the custom houses, revenue marine boats, etc., hold that a flag with forty-two stars is not a legal flag, and will not be until the next Fourth of July. The law says: "On the admission of a new State into the Union one star shall be added to the union of the flag, and such addition shall take effect on the 4th day of July next succeeding such admission." The flags with forty-two stars are just one year ahead of time.

Put the Blame Where it Belongs.

It is pleasing to note that there is among sensible clergymen a refusal to subscribe to the idea that the Conemaugh valley flood was a visitation of God for some wise purpose. Only those who would bring religion into contempt, would indulge in such rant. It would be useless. It would be useless to try and convince rational beings that in that peaceful valley, peopled by thrifty and law abiding inhabitants, there was such a carnival of sin as invited the wrath of the Almighty. Neither will the minds of men accept the doctrine that any possible lesson in morals or man's duty to his Maker to be learned by that awful disaster could compensate for the destruction of the lives of thousands of innocent children, godly women and honest men. Let the blame be placed where it belongs. An insecure dam, maintained, despite its menace to life and property by a club of Pittsburg millionaires, was alone the cause. Those sportsmen, by their selfishness and thoughtlessness, brought death, ruin, and desolation to the Conemaugh Valley.—*N. Y. Evening World.*

A PENSION BURLESQUE.

The following from the Philadelphia *Evening Bulletin*, one of the staunchest Republican papers of that city, quite clearly indicates that the Tanner pension policy is not approved of by some who assisted in electing Harrison:

The Ohio republicans in their platform have declared in favor of granting a pension to every honorably discharged Union soldier and sailor in the War of the Rebellion, and this is a part of their declaration of principles, to which objection will be made by many good Republicans. Its meaning is that everybody who served in the Union ranks, no matter whether he ever received a scratch in the war, and no matter how little he may need the bounty of the government, shall have a pension. To carry out such a proposition as this would be to exceed anything in the way of giving pensions that has ever been done or even contemplated by any other government in the history of the world. It is well known that the present Pension Commissioner is in favor of issuing a pension to everybody who has ever had any connection, however slight, with the Union Army in the War of the Rebellion and of raising to the highest figure possible the pensions of those who are now on the list. Instead of making an attempt to decrease these payments, his object is to make them as large as the condition of the Treasury and the generosity of the people will admit. There is apparently no undertaking which, in the judgment of Commissioner Tanner, is so laudable on the part of a government as the pensioning of its people, and the bigger its pension rolls the greater, in his opinion, are the proofs of its wealth and goodness. There is no deserving survivor of the Union Army who, if he stands in need of help by reason of the disabilities which he may have contracted in the service of his country, will not have the sympathy of the Republican party in asking for help from the government which he helped to save. But when we are seriously told that this help ought to be extended to tens of thousands of men who are in no need of support, and who never thought of asking for it, it is time that a halt was called on the thoughtless zeal of those who assume to be friends of the soldiers. Such a policy would mean the expenditure of not less than $100,000,000 a year in addition to the disbursements which the government now makes, and it would be the fruitful parent of extravagance and jobbery. There is no just excuse for such a proposition. The soldiers as a class are not asking for it, and the principles of the Republican party do not encourage the idea. It has been contended that no easier method could be devised of getting rid of the surplus in the Treasury, and this is doubtless true. But there are more useful if not quite so easy methods of relieving ourselves of this plethora of the national income, and they are to be found in the construction of a navy and in the fortifications of our coasts. To squander it in pension money simply for the sake of getting rid of it is a suggestion which is not only unrepublican in spirit, but unstatesmanlike in practice. On the contrary, the time has come when we should begin to think of drawing the line on pensions rather than in extending them, and this fact will be recognized by those soldiers who believe that a pension should be a mark of honor, distinction and reward, and not a gift showered indiscriminately upon all persons who ever wore the Federal uniform.

STATEMENT OF THE FLOOD RELIEF COMMISSION.

At a regular meeting of the Flood Relief Comission, held on July 9, a committee of three members was appointed to prepare for the information of contributors to the fund a statement of the general relief work performed. The committee makes report as follows:

In round figures the expenditures to date for relief in the Conemaugh Valley, Johnstown and vicinity, aggregate one million seven hundred thousand dollars. This includes the work of the Pittsburg, Johnstown and Philadelphia committee and the Flood Commission; also disbursements of the State in the abatement of nuisances and payment of the military detailed to staff and police duty.

Various committees in the West have been working through the Pittsburg and Johnstown committees, and in the East through the Philadelphia committee and the Governor of the State. The Flood Commission has been formed to create a unit of administration. In that commission, of which the Governor of Pennsylvania is the chairman, the committees of Pittsburg, Philadelphia and the State at large have representation. All the funds placed under control of the Excutive have been transferred to the Commission, and an implied understanding exists that the committees of Pittsburg and Philadelphia will do the same. It is also desirable that all the money now in the hands of other committees for this purpose be placed under the jurisdiction of the Governor and the Commission.

The Commission has held frequent meetings in various parts of the State. All its members save one or two, prevented by uncontrollable causes, have made personal investigation of the several flooded districts of the State. Relief has been given in all needful directions with the greatest dispatch consistent with the best wisdom that could be brought to bear upon the case. Correspondence and conference have been freely invited for the information of the committees in the first instance and the Governor and Commission subsequently.

The problem confronting the Commission in the Conemaugh Valley is of great magnitude, demanding the utmost celerity and the wisest and most delicate discrimination.

The number of persons to be fed has varied from a maximum of 31,950 to a present commissary roll of 7,000.

The number of distinct claims to be passed upon, many of them involving the interests of families or dependent relatives, aggregate nearly 4,000.

The Commission has sought to find the will of the donors of the great sums contributed for the relief of sufferers, and believing that the following declaration of principles met the conditions, it was adopted and promulgated at a meeting held in Harrisburg on June 27:

"*To The Public.*—That the donors of the funds in the hands of the Flood Relief Commission may know how their generous gifts are to be disposed of, and that the expectant recipients of the same may not form erroneous views of and foster improper expectations for the same, it is now officially declared and announced that the following principles shall govern the distribution of relief:

"1. The said fund is in the nature of a charity to the needy, and not as a general indemnity for losses sustained.

"2. That a distribution per capita would be manifestly unjust, as it would go alike to the rich and poor and alike to all sufferers, no matter what their needs or extent of their sufferings.

"3. That a distribution by percentage on the amount of losses would be manifestly unjust, as it would result in giving the largest sum to the person having lost the most, without regard to the value of the remaining estate of such persons.

"4. That this fund cannot be used for the benefit of any private or public corporation.

"5. That the fund must go only to the most needy sufferers from the flood in accordance with and in the spirit of the trust impressed upon it by the donors.

"At the unanimous request of the Commission, Hon. Hugh H Cummin was requested to proceed to Johnstown and remain there as the resident representative and executive officer of this Commission in the Conemaugh Valley."

In accordance with the foregoing, Judge Cummin has fixed his office in Johnstown as the resident executive of ther Commission and is working energetically in harmony with the local Relief Committee and the leading citizens.

Suplies of food, shoes and clothing will continue to be given to the needy as required. It is hoped to shortly discontinue this form of relief. Four hundred portable houses and two hundred to be built on the spot are already contracted for. They will be made ready for use rapidly, as the local committee will indicate the places for them. The number will be increased, and the rate at which they will be supplied need only be limited by the ability to find ground upon which to put them. They will be furnished for occupancy as completed. Relief in other forms is also being given.

At Cresson July 9, the Commission held conferences with committees from Chicago, Williamsport and Johnstown.

In view of the magnitude of the relief required and the immense detail involved in a just apportionment of the funds in hand to the many curiously involved cases the Commission, after hearing very fully and deliberately Messrs. McMillan, Elder, Moxham and Johnson of the Johnstown Committee resolved to appropriate five hundred thousand dollars, to be distributed among the verified claimants in the Conemaugh Valley, through its representative in Johnstown, Hon. H. H. Cummin soon as the checks for the payments can be prepared. The sums so paid to be considered as payments on account of a final adjustment to be made upon a carefully devised system already aproved by the Commission.

The details are left to the judgment of Judge Cummin, but there is tacit understanding that the distribution is to be upon the registration and classification of claims already made with much care by the Johnstown committee. This cash will average considerably above $100 to each claimant and is in addition to cash already distributed by the Johnstown committee. This, it will be remembered, is besides the general relief work constantly going forward.

It will thus be observed that the total relief already afforded the Conemaugh Valley sufferers is in round figures two million two hundred thousand dollars.

The Commission increased the sum to be devoted to relief in the nineteen other counties besides Cambria, to two hundred and fifty thousand dollars. The largest single sum will be required for the Williamsport district of Lycoming county. This, in addition to various relief afforded by committees before the creation of the Flood Commission. The sums required for the Johnstown district will cover all the moneys coming into the State from outside sources with large amounts in addition. The appropriations for other localities are from general contributions made with in the State of Pennsylvania.

It is the purpose of the Commission to gather and collect the accounts of the work done everywhere for the relief of the flood sufferers, and place the same in a complete and permanent form for public use.

Very respectfully,
J. B. KREMER, *Secretary.*

TO ERECT A MONUMENT.

RICKETTS' BATTERY ARRANGE TO PLACE IT ON GETTYSBURG'S BATTLE FIELD.

Representatives of Ricketts' celebrated battery met in the room of George H. Thomas Post No. 84, on Wednesday afternoon. The object of the meeting was to adopt the design of a monument to be erected on the battle-field of Gettysburg, in which battle this battery was an important factor.

Col. R. Bruce Ricketts was the commander of the batteries known as Battery F and Battery G, First Pennsylvania Light Artillery. The members were enlisted from all sections of the state.

By an act of the Legislature, passed at the last session, the batteries were authorized to merge their state appropriation granted each of the batteries for a monument. These batteries have with their joint appropriations a fund of $3,000 available for a monument.

The batteries at their annual meeting appointed a committee from each of the organizations to make all the arrangements for the construction of the monument. The members of these committees are: Battery F: M. B. Hughes, Shickshinny; Thos. E. Frame, Coatesville; Wm. Blessing, Harrisburg; W. H. Thurston, Sunbury; J. H. Schmehl, Reading; George E. Heinbach, Lewistown, president and ex-officio a member.

Battery G: John E. Boehringer, Adamstown; Jacob Myer, Lancaster; Wm. J. Troup, Hanover; De Lafayette Chandler, Lock Haven; Luther Seiders, Reading. Nearly all of the above members were present at the meeting. They arrived in this city on the morning train, and made the Stevens house their headquarters.

The meeting was called to order at 2 o'clock and J. H. Schmehl was elected chairman and Luther Seiders chosen as secretary.

Two drafts of a monument were presented by Amos S. Esterly, of the Reading Granite works, two from Deaner & Son, Reading, two from Heis & Brown, Reading, and four from Ferguson & Co., Philadelphia.

All the designs were carefully examined and by a unanimous vote one of those presented by Mr. Esterly was adopted and the contract price fixed at $3,000.

The monument will be one of the handsomest on the Gettysburg battlefield and the following brief description of it will convey an idea of its appearance:

The base resting on the foundation will be eight by five feet, with a rise of two feet six inches. It will be in two pieces and represents Ashla work.

Above this base will be another stone six by four feet, with a rise of three feet, three inches. There will be rock work on three sides. On the front will be a panel with a cannon brought out in bold relief.

Above this will be a block five feet by three feet, five inches, one foot rise, of pointed work.

Above this is a die four feet, four inches by two feet ten inches, with a rise of two feet, eight inches. The four sides of this piece will be polished and contain such inscription as may be decided upon. Next is a cap, 5 feet, by 3 feet 8 inches, by 2 feet in dimensions of ten-cut work for inscriptions.

Next is a small die, three feet, by two feet, four inches, with a two feet rise. On the sides will be oak and laurel wreaths, with the Pennsylvania coat of arms in bronze; next is a cap three feet, three inches, by three feet, with a rise of one foot, six inches of ten-cut work. Above this the top piece of the monument proper will be a figure of an artillery bugler, seven feet high. The monument with figure will be 22 feet high and will weigh nearly twenty-six tons. There will be three hundred and twenty cubic feet of stone in the monument; which was designed by Dr. Herman Strecker, of Reading, who was recently honored with a degree by Franklin and Marshall college. Henry Beckard represented Mr. Esterly, the contractor, and explained the design adopted.

Messrs. Shmehl and Seiders were appointed a committee to appear before the Gettysburg Battle-field association with the design adopted for approval. This approval is mere matter of form, for Col. Ricketts, their old commander, is a member of the commission and he will see that the choice of his men is approved.

The monument will be completed late this fall and placed in position, when there will probably be a re-union of the batteries on the battle-field.

After passing a vote of thanks to George H. Thomas Post for the use of their room the committee adjourned. —*Lancaster Intelligencer.*

WASHINGTON LETTER.

(From our Regular Corrospondent.)

Washington, July 15, 1889.

Secretary Rusk, or as he is oftener spoken of as "Uncle Jerry," seems to stick closer to his desk than any other member of the administration, and the result is that while the other departments are beginning to be enveloped in the usual summer stagnation, the department of Agriculture is 'hustling.' This, of course, may be only the result of the old saw, "a new broom sweeps clean." Among the transactions of a week may be mentioned: The establishment of a new division for the purpose of editing the scientific reports of the department into language that can be understood by plain every day sort of folks; the publication of a sixteen page pamphlet explaining the work done and results accomplished by the experimental stations in different sections of the country; the removal of the State agent for Maryland and abolishment of the office, and the sending of an agent to the Rocky mountain section to examine into the methods used in collecting Agricultural statistics.

According to the telegrams received here ex congressman, Roswell G. Horr, of Michigan, considers his appointment to be U. S. Consul at Valparaiso as an insult. He was an applicant for a foreign mission, and will refuse to accept the smaller place. One of his friends said to-day that Mr. Harrison was offended with Horr because he stuck to Alger at the Chicago convention.

Ex-Congressman Hart, of Ohio, the man that caused Senators Sherman and Quay to have quite a serious falling out several months ago, has at last received the office which he at that time accepted. He has just been appointed Solicitor of Internal Revenue.

Commodore Sehley, who is to be the Commander of the new steel cruiser, "Baltimore," which made its trial sea trip last week, pronounced that vessel to be magnificent, and says, "she will be able to lick anything afloat." If we had thirty or forty such vessels we would have a navy to be proud of.

The plate printers are jubilant over the removal of the steam plate printing presses from the Bureau of Engraving and Printing. The removal was made by order of Secretary Windom, who declined to allow the Company owning them to accept the ridiculous compensation of one cent per thousand impressions as royalty for the use of presses, which Congress had provided for with the exception of course that the owners would refuse it.

Postmaster General Wanamaker has "jumped on" the telegraph Company by notifying them that in future the Government would pay only one mill per word instead of one cent, as at present. Representatives of the telegraph companies while recognizing the legal right of the Postmaster General to say what the compensation shall be for this work, claim that they lose money by doing the work for the present price, and say that if Mr. Wanamaker will not change his mind they will carry the messages for nothing as it will be cheaper than to keep the accounts and make the collections at the rate of one mill per word.

The usual number of "reformers" in the methods of transacting the departmental business which always follow a new administration are now in full swing. If all these "reformers" had been improvements the business system of the various departments would long ago have reached perfection. But alas, "what is one man's meat is another man's poison," so what one man calls "reform" another calls nonsense.

Mr. Harrison went to Deer Park Friday afternoon. He is expected back in time to attend a cabinet meeting on Wednesday.

The office seekers are having a tough time with the thermometer in the nineties and only an hour or two in the week to see the dispensers of patronage. But still hang on, at least a great many of them do.

There are no new developments in the misunderstandings between Secretary Noble and the Pension Commissioner which it was believed at one time came near resulting in Tanners' resignation.

The Persian Minister who was so constructed that he failed to see the humor in the newspaper paragraphs as to his master, the Shah's personal habits, etc., has shaken the dust of America from his feet and gone home to stay. He accuses us of discourtesy, and yet he left with out even notifying the State Department of his intention.

It is stated here with great positiveness that the state of Mr. Blaine's health is so bad that he will not return to Washington, and that he will resign. I don't believe a word of it, and yet in all probability Mr. Blaine himself, is responsible for the report; he is a monomaniac on the subject of his health, and the "finger ache" causes him more worry than a serious attack of sickness would the average man.

Tennis Match.

In response to the invitation of the Bonita Tennis Club, about fifteen members of the Plymouth Club arrived in town on Tuesday noon. The games were called at 2:30; the first event being gentlemen's doubles, best three out of five to decide. Messrs. Woodruff & Davenport, of Plymouth, played against Messrs. Fred Ikeler & Smith, of Bloomsburg. The score was 3–6, 0–6, 3–6, Bonita winning every set.

The second match in gentlemen's doubles was between Messrs. Ware & Chamberlin, of Plymouth, and Messrs. Rishton & Leverett, of Bloomsburg; the score, 4–6, 4–6, 2–6, in favor of the home club.

Next were played the gentlemen's singles, in which Messrs. Woodruff & Ikeler, and Messrs. Chamberlin & Rishton were the contestants. The score in the set of Woodruff vs. Ikeler was 4–6, 2–6; this event being decided, by agreement, by best two out of three.

This proved the most exciting event of the afternoon, and the good plays on both sides were warmly applauded.

The score in the set of Chamberlin vs. Rishton was 0–6, 0–6, 3–6; thus giving Rishton the three sets necessary to make the winner, after a prettily played contest.

The umpires for Plymouth were Dr. Jones and M. Turner, and for Bloomsburg Messrs. Harman and Patterson.

Mr. Frank Ikeler acted as Referee.

The afternoon was much enjoyed by Tennis enthusiasts, whose pleasure was not a little enhanced by the excellent feeling manifested between the contesting clubs.

Take Hood's Sarsaparilla

100 Doses One Dollar

The Chief Reason for the great success of Hood's Sarsaparilla is found in the article itself. It is merit that wins, and the fact that Hood's Sarsaparilla actually accomplishes what is claimed for it, is what has given to this medicine a popularity and sale greater than that of any other sarsaparilla or blood purifier before the public.

Merit Wins

Hood's Sarsaparilla cures Scrofula, Salt Rheum and all Humors, Dyspepsia, Sick Headache, Biliousness, overcomes That Tired Feeling, creates an Appetite, strengthens the Nerves, builds up the Whole System.

Hood's Sarsaparilla is sold by all druggists. $1; six for $5. Prepared by C. I. Hood & Co., Apothecaries, Lowell, Mass.

CURTIS COMPOUND.

BLOOD, LIVER AND KIDNEY PURIFIER.

Now is the appointed time for thoroughly cleansing the system from all impurities, and all will find that the Curtis Compound will exactly fill the bill. It has stood the test of 22 years and its sales are larger than ever, every year. Price 50c. and $1.00.

FOR SALE BY

James H. Mercer,
DRUGGIST,
BLOOMSBURG, PA.

Be Your Own Doctor.

It won't cost you one half as much. Do not delay. Send three 2-cent stamps for postage, and we will send you Dr. Kaufman's great work, fine colored plates from life, on disease, its cause, and home cure. Address A. P. Ordway & Co., Boston, Mass.

BRIDGE LETTING.

Sealed proposals will be received at the Commissioners' office in Bloomsburg, Col. Co., Pa., until Wednesday Aug. 7th, A. D. 1889, at 12 o'clock, noon, for the erection of two Low Truss Iron Bridges, one to be a fifty-four (54) feet span, 14 feet roadway, over Little Fishing Creek at Eyers Grove in Greenwood township. The other to be a forty-four (44) feet span and fourteen (14) feet roadway over Little Fishing Creek in line between Pine and Jackson Townships, near Theodore Mendenhall's in road leading from Benton to Unityville. Also at the same time and place proposals will be received for the erection of two abutments eight (8) feet high from low water mark for the last named bridge. Plans and specifications can be seen at the Commissioners office on and after July 25th, 1889. Bids for superstructures, stone work and excavation, will be received separately or together. The Commissioners reserve the right to reject any or all bids.

WM. G. GIBTON,
JESSE RITTENHOUSE, } Com'loners.
EZRA STEPHENS,
Attest: J. D. BODINE, Clerk.
7-19-3w. July 18th, '89.

AUDITOR'S NOTICE.

Estate of Elias George, deceased.

Notice is hereby given that the undersigned, appointed an auditor, by the Orphans' Court of Columbia County, to distribute balance in hands of the executors to and among the parties entitled thereto, will attend at his office in Bloomsburg, on Friday, the 16th day of August, now next, at 9 o'clock in the forenoon; when and where all persons having claims are required to present them for allowance or be forever debarred from coming in on said fund.

JOHN G. FREEZE,
July 19-1889-ta. Auditor.

AUDITOR'S NOTICE.

Estate of Geo. Wenner, deceased.

Notice is hereby given that the undersigned, appointed an auditor, by the Orphans' Court of Columbia County, to distribute balance in hands of the executors to and among the parties entitled thereto, will attend at his office in Bloomsburg, on Friday, the 16th day of August, now next, at 9 o'clock in the forenoon; when and where all persons having claims are required to present them for allowance or be forever debarred from coming in on said fund.

GUY JACOBY,
Auditor.

AUDITOR'S NOTICE.

Estate of Paul Fortner, deceased.

The undersigned auditor, appointed by the Orphans' Court of Columbia county, to make distribution of the fund in the hands of C. C. Evans, administrator, as shown by his first and final account, will sit at the office of C. C. Evans Esq. in Berwick, on Friday, August 23, 1889, at 9 o'clock a. m., to attend to the duties of his appointment, when and where all persons having claims against said estate must appear and prove the same or be forever debarred from any share of said fund.

GRANT HERRING,
7-19-4t. Auditor.

AUDITOR'S NOTICE.

Estate of Thomas L. Ball, deceased.

The undersigned auditor appointed by the Orphan's Court of Columbia county to make distribution of the fund in the hands of the executor of said decedent as shown by the first and final account, to and among the parties entitled thereto, will sit at his office in Bloomsburg on Friday, August 9, 1889, at ten o'clock in the forenoon to perform the duties of his appointment, when and where all persons having claims against said fund must appear and prove the same, or be forever debarred from any share thereof.

L. S. WINTERSTEEN,
July 12-4w. Auditor.

AUDITOR'S NOTICE.

In Re-Estate of James Jacoby, late of borough of Berwick, deceased.

The undersigned appointed auditor, to pass upon the exceptions filed to the confirmation of the account, and also to make distribution of the fund in the hands of administrator, to and among the parties entitled thereto, will meet the parties interested, and attend to the duties of his appointment, on Monday, August 12, 1889, at 9 o'clock a. m., at his office in the Town of Bloomsburg, when and where all persons having claims against said fund must appear and prove the same or be forever debarred from any share thereof.

ROBT. R. LITTLE,
July 9-1889. Auditor.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.

Estate of Daniel Brewer, late of Pine twp., Columbia county, deceased

Notice is hereby given, that letters of administration on the estate of Daniel Brewer, late of Pine township, Columbia county deceased, have been granted by the Register to Lucretia Brewer and Wm. Kase West, to whom all persons indebted to the said estate are requested to make payment, and those having claims to present the same without delay to

LUCRETIA BREWER, Waller, Pa.,
or WM. KASE WEST, Danville, Pa.
June 29, 1889. 6t. Administrators.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.

Estate of Philip Springer, late of Madison twp.

Notice is hereby given that letters of administration on the estate of Philip Springer, late of Madison Township, have been granted by the Register of Wills to Margaret Springer, to whom all persons indebted to the said estate are required to make payment; and to whom all claims are to be presented, properly authenticated for settlement.

Or to MARGARET SPRINGER,
Administratrix.
JOHN G. FREEZE, Esq. Jerseytown, Pa.
Atty. 6t.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.

Estate of Hermon Fahringer, late of Locust twp., Columbia Co. Deceased.

Notice is hereby given that letters of administration in the estate of Hermon Fahringer, late of Locust twp., county of Columbia, and State of Pennsylvania, deceased, have been granted to Rachael Fahringer and Jeremiah Fahringer, of Locust Township, Columbia county, Pa., to whom all persons indebted to said estate are requested to make payments, and those having claims or demands will make known the same without delay to

or to RACHAEL FAHRINGER,
HERRING, Administratrix.
Atty. JEREMIAH FAHRINGER,
Administrator.

AUDITOR'S NOTICE

Estate of John Conner, late of Benton township deceased.

The undersigned appointed auditor to distribute the balance in the hands of the executor of said decedent, will meet parties interested therein at his office in Bloomsburg, on Saturday, July 20, 1889, at 10 o'clock a. m., where and when all persons having a claim or claims against said fund will appear and present the same or be forever debarred from coming in for a share of said fund.

ROBT. BUCKINGHAM, Auditor.
June 14-ta.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.

Estate of Daniel Snyder, late of Bloom township, deceased.

Notice is hereby given that letters of administration on the estate of Daniel Snyder, late of Bloom township, Columbia county deceased, have been granted by the Register to Benjamin F. Hartman, to whom all persons indebted to the said estate are requested to make payment, and those having claims, to present the same without delay.

or to B. F. HARTMAN.
JOHN G. FREEZE, Bloomsburg.
Attorney. June 14-6t.

SHERIFF'S SALE.
OF VALUABLE
Real Estate!

By virtue of a writ of Fi. Fa. issued out of the Court of Common Pleas of Columbia County and to me directed, there will be exposed to public sale at the Court House, Bloomsburg, Pa., on

SATURDAY, JULY 27th, 1889,

at 2 o'clock in the afternoon, the following real estate, viz: All that certain lot or piece of land situate in Fishing Creek twp. Col. Co., Pa., bounded and described as follows to wit: On the South by public road, on the West by land of John J. Hess, on the North by land of Michael Wenner, and on the East by land of Michael Wenner, containing One half Acre, more or less, whereon are erected

A LOG HOUSE,

frame stable, with good well of water and fruit trees.

Seized, taken in execution at the suit of Samuel E Weaver, vs. Peter J. Weaver, administrator of Anna Buss, dec'd, and to be sold as the property of Anna Buss, dec'd.

JOHN B. CASEY,
4t. Sheriff.

GRAND
SPRING OPENING
OF
CLOTHING, HATS, SHIRTS AND GENTS' FURNISHING GOODS,
AT
I. MAIER'S, The Reliable Clothier.

Why are we doing the largest Clothing and Hat trade in Bloomsburg? Good reason for it you may be sure. We keep the best and most fashionable goods, and prices are ALWAYS THE LOWEST. Our store is spacious, cheerful and well lighted and a model in all its appointments and equipments. Our stock is NEW, BRIGHT and

EXCEEDINGLY : ATTRACTIVE

and comprehensive, and always we will maintain the position of

"FAIR DEALING"

RESPECTFULLY YOURS,

I. MAIER.

The Largest Clothing and Hat Store in Columbia and Montour Counties.

SCOTT'S EMULSION
OF PURE COD LIVER OIL
AND HYPOPHOSPHITES
Almost as Palatable as Milk.

So disguised that it can be taken, digested, and assimilated by the most sensitive stomach, when the plain oil cannot be tolerated; and by the combination of the oil with the hypophosphites is much more efficacious.

Remarkable as a flesh producer.

Persons gain rapidly while taking it.

SCOTT'S EMULSION is acknowledged by Physicians to be the Finest and Best preparation in the world for the relief and cure of

CONSUMPTION, SCROFULA, GENERAL DEBILITY, WASTING DISEASES, EMACIATION, COLDS and CHRONIC COUGHS.

The great remedy for Consumption, and Wasting in Children. Sold by all Druggists.

DR. THEEL
538 North Fourth Street, below Green, Philadelphia, Pa. With 25 years (genuine) practical experience, guarantees to cure you more quickly, safely and permanently than any advertising physician, no matter who he may be from what College he graduated, or what he may claim to do. Dr. Theel offers $1000 to any advertising physician (reputed specialists) who can excel him in the correct diagnosing and successful treatment of all Curable

SPECIAL DISEASES AND BLOOD POISON,

OBSTINATE ULCERS, BLOTCHES, ERUPTIONS, PIMPLES, SWELLINGS, INFLAMATION, Lost Vitality, Early Decay, Physical and Mental Prostration, Melancholia, Bladder and Kidney Diseases. (Acute cases 4—10 days). Relief at once. MY METHOD combining the Allopathic, Homeopathic, Eclectic & Botanic systems of medicine, including Electricity, the only one known that cures permanently the worst cases. Largest Hospital and Private Practical Experience with every remedy and means known to science for quickest recovery and permanent cure. The most dangerous cases solicited. Young, middle-aged and old men write or call for book Truth, exposing frauds, their schemes to victimize sufferers. Thousands are disappointed by quacks, claiming 25 to 50 years experience which they do not possess, their exaggerating and lying advertisements in which they picture diseases in a most horrible form, thus giving the poor sufferers false ideas depriving them of all hope, selling them worthless trash of mercurials or Iodide. Rest skill in the beginning will save money, suffering and delay. Hours 8 a. m. to 8 p. m. Sundays, 10 to Noon, 6 to 8 p. m. Consultation free and strictly confidential. All letters answered promptly. Medicines sent to all parts of the world. Office No. 538 North Fourth Street, below Green, Philadelphia, Pa. With 25 years (genuine) practical experience, guarantees to cure you more quickly, safely and permanently than any advertising physician, no matter who he may be from what College he graduated, or what he may claim to do. Dr. Theel offers $1000 to any advertising physician (reputed specialists) who can excel him in the correct diagnosing and successful treatment of all Curable

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WOMEN & CHILDREN'S diseases treated at this Office by an eminent specialist. His hours are from 10 to 4.

I CURE FITS!

When I say CURE I do not mean merely to stop them for a time, and then have them return again. I MEAN A RADICAL CURE.

I have made the disease of

FITS, EPILEPSY or FALLING SICKNESS,

A life-long study. I WARRANT my remedy to CURE the worst cases. Because others have failed is no reason for not now receiving a cure. Send at once for a Treatise and a FREE BOTTLE of my INFALLIBLE REMEDY. Give Express and Post Office. It costs you nothing for a trial, and it will cure you. Address

H. G. ROOT, M.C., 183 PEARL ST., NEW YORK

HIRES

25c HIRES' IMPROVED 25c
ROOT BEER
IN LIQUID NO BOILING EASILY MADE
THIS PACKAGE MAKES FIVE GALLONS
MAKES FIVE GALLONS DELICIOUS AND SPARKLING

ROOT BEER

The most APPETIZING and WHOLESOME TEMPERANCE DRINK in the world. TRY IT.

Ask your Druggist or Grocer for it.

C. E HIRES, PHILADELPHIA.
June 21-6-46.

FREE $85 Solid Gold Watch sent free to introduce it. Best $100 watch in the world. Perfect timekeeper. Warranted. Heavy Solid Gold Hunting Cases. Both ladies' and gents' sizes, with works and cases of equal value. One Person in each locality can secure one free, together with our large and valuable line of Household Samples. These samples, as well as the watch, we send Free, and after you have kept them in your home for 2 months and shown them to those who may have called, they become your own property. Those who write at once can be sure of receiving the Watch and Samples. We pay all express, freight, etc. Address Gilson & Co., Box 413 Portland, Maine.

THE FIRST CONSIDERATION.

I. P. THOMAS AND SON CO. MANUFACTURERS OF BONE PHILADELPHIA, PA. FERTILIZERS

Will the FERTILIZER you intend purchasing so act upon the soil that it will produce BIG CROPS, and at the same time maintain and build up the fertility.

To put price per ton ahead of quality and producing power is poor economy. Farming profits are too small to admit of any but judicious purchases.

After quality, and in proportion to it, comes price. You shall find our Bone Fertilizers, for the work done, always as low in price as the lowest.

If you are going to ignore quality and results, do not buy our Fertilizers.

FOR SALE BY

DAVID LONG, MILL GROVE.
NATHAN MILLER, MAINVILLE

For Your
SPRING SUITS
go to
LOWENBERG'S,
The Oldest
Merchant : Tailoring
Establishment in
COLUMBIA COUNTY.
BLOOMSBURG, PA.

A CHANCE OF BASE.

NEW FIRM

Cummings & Verdy,

BAKERS AND CONFECTIONERS,

BLOOMSBURG, PA.

Wm. B. Cummings and George W. Verdy having purchased the entire Baking and Confectionery business of B. Sohner in the Exchange block announce that after July 1st, 1889, they will constantly supply the public with

FRESH BREAD, CAKES,
ROLLS, BISCUITS, ETC.
OF EVERY VARIETY.
FOREIGN AND DOMESTIC FRUITS and NUTS.
ICE CREAM PARLORS ATTACHED.

Orders for parties, picnics, festivals, etc. solicited.
Feeling assured that we can please we ask a share of public patronage.

June 28 89-tf. CUMMINGS & VERDY.

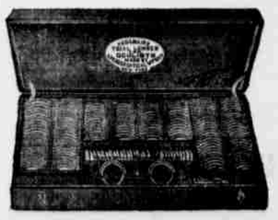
COME AND HAVE YOUR EYES EXAMINED BY

J. G. Wells, the Optician,

WHO HAS JUST COMPLETED A THOROUGHLY PRACTICAL COURSE AT BUCKLIN'S OPTHALMIC COLLEGE, NEW YORK.

NO Extra Charge MADE for Examining Eyes,

—PERFECT FIT GUARANTEED.—



Fine line pebble and white crystal lenses constantly in stock, also the Finest line of watches, clocks, and jewelry in Bloomsburg.

Fine watch work and jobbing neatly and quickly executed. All work guaranteed to give satisfaction.

CARPETS and MILLINERY.

Canton Mattings

ROYAL

BAKING POWDER

Absolutely Pure.

This powder never varies. A marvel of pure in strength and wholesomeness. More economical than the ordinary kinds, and cannot be sold in competition with the multitude of low test, short weight alum or phosphate powders. *Sold only in cans.* ROYAL BAKING POWDER CO., 106 Wall St., N.Y.

The Columbian

☞Published every Friday. Subscription price, $1.00 a year.

Entered at the Post Office at Bloomsburg, Pa., as second class matter, March 1, 1888.

BLOOMSBURG, PA

FRIDAY, JULY 19, 1889.

CORRECT RAILROAD TIME TABLE.

BLOOMSBURG & SULLIVAN RAILROAD

Taking effect MONDAY, NOVEMBER 26, 1888.

	SOUTH.				NORTH.			
STATIONS.	Ar. P.M.	Ar. P.M.	Ar. A.M.	Lv. A.M.	Lv. P.M.	Lv. P.M.	Lv. P.M.	
Bloomsburg	6 20	1 05	8 09	8 25	2 25	6 40		
Main street	6 18	12 58	7 58	8 46	2 36	6 51		
Irondale	6 16	12 50	7 56	8 48	2 42	6 54		
Paper Mill	6 06	12 40	7 48	8 56	2 52	7 04		
Lightstreet	6 05	12 35	7 45	9 00	2 57	7 08		
Orangeville	5 57	12 20	7 35	9 10	3 20	7 16		
Forks	5 45	12 00	7 20	9 25	3 36	7 31		
Tubbs	5 40	11 50	7 15	9 30	3 42	7 36		
Stillwater	5 37	11 45	7 10	9 37	3 50	7 43		
Benton	5 28	11 30	7 00	9 47	4 15	7 52		
Edson	5 20	11 20	6 56	9 51	4 20	7 56		
Coles Creek	5 20	11 15	6 52	9 56	4 30	8 00		
Sugaloaf	5 13	11 10	6 48	10 00	4 38	8 05		
Laubachs	5 12	11 05	6 45	10 04	4 43	8 10		
Central	5 06	10 57	6 38	10 12	4 49	8 15		
Echo Park	5 03	10 52	6 35	10 15	4 49	8 19		
Jamison City	5 00	10 45	6 30	10 20	4 50	8 25		
	Lv. P.M.	Lv. P.M.	Ar. A.M.	Ar. A.M.	Ar. P.M.	Ar. P.M.		

Trains on the P. & R. R. leave Rupert as follows:

MONTH.	SOUTH.
7:32 a. m.	11:02 a. m.
3:31 p. m.	6:23 p. m.

—o—

Trains on the D. L. & W. R. R. leave Bloomsburg as follows:

MONTH.	SOUTH.
7:13 a. m.	8:32 a. m.
10:57 a. m.	12:06 p. m.
*2:24 p. m.	4:18 p. m.
4:36 p. m.	8:47 p. m.

—o—

Trains on the N. & W. B. Railway pass Bloom Ferry as follows:

MONTH.	SOUTH.
10:48 a. m.	12:37 p. m.
4.36 p. m.	4:30 p. m.
SUNDAY.	
NORTH.	SOUTH.
10:48 a m	6:39 p m

SALES.

JULY 30.—Margaret Springer will sell personal property on the premises in Madison township at 1 o'clock p. m.

FOR SALE.—A desirable and commodious residence on Main street, supplied with water, gas and steam. Apply to
jan20tf. L. N. MOYER.

JULY 24.—The administrators of Daniel Brewer, deceased, will sell personal property on the premises in Pine township, at 10 o'clock a. m. Sheep, pigs, farming utensils, &c.

FOR SALE.—A fine farm containing eighty-six acres, situate in Columbia County, about 250 yards from D. L. & W. R. R., and having upon it fine large buildings, a never failing spring of water, is offered for sale upon easy terms. Address to
GEO. B. REIMENSNYDER,
7-19-tf. Sunbury, North'd. Co., Pa.

FOR SALE.—A valuable vacant lot on Market St., seven lots on Eighth Street, ten dwellings and a good store property in Bloomsburg. Six farms, two grist mills and two store properties in Col. Co. A good farm of 367 acres with good buildings in Virginia and two farms in Kansas by M. P. Lutz Insurance and Real Estate Agt., Bloomsburg Pa.

Personal.

Charles W. McKelvy is at Hotel Raymond, Eaglesmere.

L. C. Williams has been appointed postmaster at Orangeville.

Ex-Sheriff Smith of Stillwater, spent Wednesday in town.

Miss Eva Schoch, of Selinsgrove, is visiting her cousin, Miss Mame Schoch.

Miss Lizzie Schuyler and Mrs. Simpkin are visiting their father, Dr. Schuyler.

Rev. W. C. Leverett's address during July and August is Munro & Co., Bankers, Paris, France.

Miss Lilian Barton returned on Thursday from Hazleton and Mount Carmel, where she was visiting friends.

Mr. John Sutton of Stillwater is preparing a volume of original poems for publication. He has written some very pretty verses.

P. E. Wirt has purchased a lot on West street, and will erect thereon a dwelling house which will be occupied by A. H. Bloom.

Paul E. Wirt and family are taking a trip which will embrace Canada, Thousand Islands, Watkins Glen, and other points of interest.

Mr. and Mrs. A. H. Bloom returned from the west last week, and Mr. Bloom has entered upon his duties as assistant in the Bloomsburg Banking Company.

Miss Mary, daughter of Judge C. G. Murphy, of Centralia, recently graduated at St. Mary's Academy, Emmettsburg, Md., with honors. She is an accomplished young lady.

H. P. Carter, ex-Sheriff of Wyoming county, and more recently agent for D. M. Osborne Company, his district including this county, is now the proprietor of Wall's Hotel at Tunkhannock.

John Sutton, John M. Buckalew and Levi Beishline, the viewers appointed by the Court to view the proposed site for the new bridge at the Red Rocks, met on Tuesday to perform their duties.

C. B. Staples, who has been Collector of Internal Revenue for this district the past four years, vacated the office on the 11th inst., his successor Thomas F. Penman then taking charge. Mr. Penman has retained and reappointed all of the old deputies, including Robert Buckingham Esq. of this town. Mr. Buckingham filed a new bond and was sworn in last week.

The trout fishing season closed on Monday.

Frank Lafountain, at the Bloom Ferry, has boats to hire.

The Sunday School of the Baptist church occupied Oak Grove on Thursday.

An electric street railway is to be built between Northumberland and Sunbury.

The *Danville Intelligencer* entered upon the sixty-third year of its existence last week.

Graded Jersey cow for sale by Dr. Shattuck opposite the Grange store; will take pay in good timothy hay.

The Sunday School of Christ Church, Danville, had a picnic at Oak Grove on Wednesday of last week.

There will be services in the Lutheran Church Sunday July 28th, morning and evening to which all are cordially invited.

Ed. Dieffenbach appeared on the streets Saturday last with a new delivery wagon for use in selling teas, coffees, spices, &c.

The many remarkable cures Hood's Sarsaparilla accomplishes are sufficient proof that it does possess peculiar curative powers.

An earthquake occurred at Charleston on the evening of the 11th. A slight tremor was felt at Williamsport at the same time.

Nearly two hundred little orphan children from Girard College, Philadelphia, have gone to Eagle's Mere for a two weeks' sojourn.

Ashland is trying to raise $35,000 to secure a new industry. It doesn't take Bloomsburg long to get over a little thing like that.

It is said that owing to the break in the Pennsylvania Canal, nearly 100,000 tons of coal are lying at the Nanticoke wharf awaiting shipment.

Do not fail to attend the Lawn Festival held by the Orchestra of M. E. Sunday School, at Mrs. Brugler's, 3d street, on Saturday Evening of this week.

We have seen a picture of Baby McKee. Notwithstanding the fact that he is a grandson of the President of the United States, we know of many prettier children.

Creasy & Wells have purchased land on the south side of Seventh street and propose to build a planing mill soon. This will be a good thing for Bloomsburg.

The members of the M. E. Church at Buckhorn will hold a festival in the church yard on Saturday evening, July 27. Gilmore's Band is expected to furnish music.

Miles Comstock, of Sugarloaf has been granted a pension of $24.00 a month, with back pay amounting to $1473. William Chrisman Esq. was the attorney in the case.

Mr. Lloyd Paxton gave a delightful moonlight lawn party at his home at Rupert to a number of his friends from Bloomsburg, Rupert and Danville, last Friday evening.

The Young People's Social Club of the Presbyterian Church realized about $130 out of their entertainment at the Rink last week. The Rainbow festival was novel and pleasing.

John Kramer died on Canal street last Friday, at the residence of his grandson. He was supposed to be over 100 years old. We published a sketch of him several months ago. He was buried on Sunday.

The Wyoming *Democrat* is booming Tunkhannock as a summer resort.

It is certainly a very pretty town, and there are many points of interest in that section, including Lake Carey and Lake Winola.

Rev. Wm. E. Fischer, of Centre Hall, preached in the Lutheran Church last Sunday morning and evening. The people were very much pleased with his sermons and manner of delivery. He made a good impression upon those whom he met.

When, by reason of a cold or from other cause, the stomach, liver, and kidney's become disordered, no time should be lost in stimulating them to action. Ayer's Pills act quickly, safely, and surely. Sold by druggists and dealers in medicines.

A game of base ball for the championship of Luzerne and Columbia counties was played at Athletic Park between the Anthracites of Wilkes-Barre and Bloomsburg last Saturday, being the third and deciding game. Wilkesbarre won by a score of 9 to 7.

Words cannot express the gratitude which people feel for the benefit done them by the use of Ayer's Sarsaparilla. Long-standing cases of rheumatism yield to this remedy, when all others fail to give relief. This medicine thoroughly expels the poison from the blood.

Teachers' examinations will be held as follows:

Mifflinville, July 20; Jerseytown, July 23; Buckhorn, July 25; Slabtown, July 31; Franklin, Clayton school house, Aug. 1; Briarcreek and Centre, Granger Hall, Aug. 3; Mainville, Aug. 6th.

Oak Grove Park has been put in good condition, and is now ready for engagements. Churches, Sunday school organizations or private parties can make satisfactory terms by applying to W. R. Tubbs or Geo. E. Elwell, managers for the Board of Directors. 2w.

Persons who have a superstitious dread of Friday, will not be pleased to hear that this is a year of Friday. It came in on Friday and will go out on Friday, and will have fifty-three illomened days. There are four months of this year that have five Fridays each; change of the moon occurs five times on Friday, and the longest and shortest days of the year occur on Friday.

The Philadelphia *Record* says that the Williamsport and North Branch Railroad has passed into the hands of capitalists in the interests of the Penna. Railroad. The road runs Northwest from the Reading R. R. at Hall's station, and gives access to Eagle's Mere and neighboring resorts. The intention of the purchasers is to make a connection with the Philadelphia and Erie Railroad.

List of unclaimed letters remaining in the Bloomsburg, Pa., Post Office for the week ending July 16, 1889.

Miss Edith M. Biett, E. K. Creveling, Jno. R. Cromley, Miss Aggie Girton, Miss Lydia Kester, Julian Lalby, Mrs. M. May, H. Page.

Persons calling for these letters please say, "they are advertised."

GEORGE A. CLARK, P. M.

Friendship Fire Company will give a festival in Music Hall on Friday and Saturday August 2nd and 3rd. This Company is the oldest in the town. It has always been ready in time of fire to save the town from destruction. By means of festivals they meet their necessary expenses and thus avoid going direct to the people for money. They should be liberally patronized, as the money will be properly expended to meet necessary wants.

Prothonotary Walsh will be a candidate for the re-nomination of the Democratic party for the office of Prothonotary, Register and Recorder of Sullivan county. Mr. Walsh has made an excellent official during the past three years and it is conceded by all that no better choice could be made by the Democracy of Sullivan county. Mr. Walsh in his pleasing and accommodating manner in his official capacity has won for himself the friendship of a large percentage of the voters of Sullivan county.—*Ex.*

Forced to Leave Home.

Over 60 people were forced to leave their homes yesterday to call for a *free* trial package of Lane's Family Medicine. If your blood is bad, your liver and kidneys out of order, if you are constipated and have headache and an unsightly complexion, don't fail to call on any druggist today for a *free* sample of this grand remedy. The ladies praise it. Everyone likes it. Large-size package 50 cents. Apr. 26-6m.

John F. Peacock and Sherman F. Peacock have purchased the hardware stock of Geo. W. Sterner at the corner of Main and Market streets, and took possession on Tuesday. They are both gentlemen of business experience and will no doubt conduct their new enterprise with energy and success. J. F. Peacock has been the teller of the Bloomsburg Banking Company for seventeen years, which position he resigned last week, and S. F. Peacock has been clerking at I. W. McKelvy's store for several years. G. W. Sterner was compelled to go out of the business by ill health.

The Manor Rest Inn property at Jamison City consists of more than an acre of ground, with a four story frame hotel ninety feet long, with verandas, water, sewerage and all modern conveniences. It has cost the company nearly $8000. In order to furnish the house a mortgage for $3450 has been placed on the property and bonds of $100 each have been issued at six per cent. payable in ten years or sooner. No better security can be obtained than this, and persons wanting a good investment should apply at once to W. R. Tubbs, Geo. E. Elwell, or A. L. Fritz, Bloomsburg. 2w

Tracklaying on the W. & W. R'y. is now completed to Greenwood Summit, the new line over the trestling at Millville is finished, and a number of ties are distributed along the line to Rohrsburg. It is hoped that in a short time Millville and Rohrsburg will be connected by railroad. People along the line will appreciate the great convenience. They can in a short time, and with comfort, be taken from Rohrsburg to Watsontown. They will not be obliged to haul their coal and lime up those steep hills and they will not be obliged to wait two days for their mail, provided the mail route can be extended over the road from Turbotville, which at present seems very probable.—*Tablet.*

A demonstration was held at Drifton last week Monday evening to tender farewell to the Hon. E. B. Coxe and wife on the eve of their departure for Europe. The line of parade, composed of employees and headed by two bands, marched to their handsome residence. D. S. McCarthy delivered a farewell address, to which Mr. Coxe responded. In the course of his remarks he said: "I propose attending several meetings of mining and mechanical engineers at the exposition in Paris which will be composed of delegates from all parts of the civilized world and in which matters of great interest and import will be discussed. Among the most important of which is how to prevent accidents in mines. It has always been my highest ambition to make accidents in mines and shops as rare as human foresight can make them."

EAST BENTON.

We copy the following items from the *Gazette*, Cedar Falls, Iowa: "Judge Isaac Krickbaum, from Cambra, Pa., is visiting his friend of early days, Charles Snyder. He is taking a trip of pleasure and observation through the West."

"Judge Krickbaum from Pennsylvania, who is visiting in our city, says there have been forty-nine murders committed in the past ten years, and only two have been hung. These murders are almost exclusively among the foreign element, Italians, Hungarians and Polanders. Their plea is generally, self-defense."

The above number have been tried before the Luzerne County Courts while others are either in custody, or at large, evading the law.

Last Thursday afternoon and night and Friday forenoon, we had an almost continuous thunder storm, during which time William Doty's barn was struck by lightning and a cherry tree between the house and barn of Wells Lambach.

The continuous wet weather has retarded the gathering of the farm crops. Much of the corn will have to go through with little tending. Every farmer has his hands twice full and plenty of water to spare.

Miss Laura Stine was the guest of Miss Rebecca Wenner last Thursday.

The Hillman sisters, Alice and Susie, have again returned to spend the summer season with their aunt, Mrs. Judge Krickbaum.

The business men of Benton are painting the board fences along the public roads and advertising their business. Evidently a newspaper would thrive at Benton.

Reading's Handsome Passenger Cars.

The Reading Railroad yesterday received and placed in service another instalment of the new passenger coaches built by the Pullman Car Co. of Chicago, for use on the Atlantic City Division. These cars are of special design, exceptionally handsome, and combine the latest improvements in construction and appointments. They are 60 feet in length, and each carries 60 passengers. They run on paper wheels with steel tires, the body of the car resting on a combination of elliptical and spiral springs, so arranged as to secure great ease and smoothness of motion. The interior is finished in quartered oak, carved and polished, relieved by French walnut paneling, and the seats are upholstered in silk plush of old gold color on heavy oaken frames. The latter are of the sliding and adjustable pattern, said to be the most comfortable car seat yet devised. The overhead racks and chandeliers are of solid wrought brass in artistic shapes. The retiring rooms for ladies and for men are situated at opposite ends of the car, and are provided with marble-top wash stands connected with large water tanks. The fittings of these rooms are silver plated.

The general effect of the interior, owing to the style of decoration, the wide aisle and the unusually large space between seats, is to give an impression of coolness and roominess. A total of 50 of the new cars will be running on the Reading's Atlantic City Line within a few days.—*Philadelphia North American.*

Open Your Windows at Night.

NO REASON TO BE AFRAID OF THE AIR WHILE SLEEPING.

An extraordinary fallacy is the dread of night air. What air can we breathe at night but night air? The choice is between pure night air from without and foul air within. Most people prefer the latter—an unaccountable choice. What will they say if it is proved to be true that fully one-half of all the diseases we suffer from are occasioned by people sleeping with their windows shut? An open window most nights in the year can never hurt anyone.

In great cities night air is often the best and purest to be had in twenty-four hours. One could better understand shutting the windows in town during the day than during the night for the sake of the sick. The absence of smoke, the quiet, all tend to make the night the best time for airing the patient. One of our highest medical authorities on consumption and climate has told me that the air of London is never so good as after 10 o'clock at night. Always air your room, then, from the outside air if possible. Windows are made to open, doors are made to shut—a truth which seems extremely difficult of apprehension. Every room must be aired from without, every passage from within.—*Sanitary World.*

BY HIS STRONG WILL.

THE RISE OF A YOUNG MAN UNDER ADVERSE CIRCUMSTANCES.

The following article was written by William Burgess, a former resident of this county, for the National City *Record*, of California:

Incidents sometimes occur in the line of our experience which are worthy of note, and frequently the review of simple facts lends fresh courage to us in meeting the practical duties of life. In illustration of the power of tact, application and perseverance, I will state a single case, not as the only one in store, but as appropriate for my present purpose.

Over thirty years ago when in charge of a Seminary in Pennsylvania, I had an application for a pupil, then perhaps 16 years of age or more, who desired the advantages of a school more advanced than the district schools of the vicinity which were open perhaps six months of the year—three months in the summer and three months in the winter. His parents were well-to-do farmers, a few miles up the valley, industrious, thrifty, and very respectable, but adhered so rigidly to antiquated customs that they could not take much stock in an expensive education, at least beyond what was then afforded by these public schools, for many then as now would fain cut down the school term that more labor could be exacted from the children in the work-shop or on the farm. The Seminary, a boarding and day school combined, for both sexes, was well patronized, however, from the neighborhood and from distant localities; and our young friend, whom all called "Lije" for short, was an ambitious young man, and he caught the inward desire for mental improvement and a better education. He obtained permission to leave home for a time in pursuit of some scheme, if he could manage the card without incurring parental expense. He saw an opening and applied for the position of chore boy, hoping by faithful service to work for board and tuition, and thus secure the advantages of the school. The offer was accepted, and "Lije" took hold of every department with a vim. The stable, the wood yards, the fires for the family and the schools, besides general janitor duties, occupied his spare time, but he was always at his post of duty, always up with his class in school and never behind his comrades at games or sport when leisure permitted. That year's service probably laid the foundation for a life purpose. He was an apt student in every grade, and gradually advanced in his course of reading and study, taking a special interest in history, biography and a knowledge of the world in general. The time at school was too brief to advance very far in special or scientific branches of literature, but he acquired the determined purpose to educate himself after gaining an insight into the modus operandi. He might not become as proficient in oratory as Clay, Calhoun, Webster or Phillips, or as noted in science as Newton, La Place, Huxley or Agassiz; but with such great lights before him he could bend his energies to the task and do something for himself, no matter whether the rest of the world around him should stand still or move onward. To do this he must husband his resources and improve his leisure hours, no matter what might be his vocation for a time.

On leaving school he took a position in a large flouring mill near by to learn the art, all the time keeping within the reach and influence of the Seminary, and was an active participant in the Literary Society there, open to the public, and took prominence in debates. About the time he became of age, he was enabled, with the assistance of some relatives or friends to buy an interest in the mill, and in that as in other pursuits, being impressed with the forcible adage that "whatever is worth doing at all is worth doing well," he became a skillful miller and drew patronage from far and near.

To go back to the school a moment, there was a certain young lady in the Normal Department who was preparing for the teacher's vocation, and between these parties an intimacy grew apace. The mysterious workings of those sympathetic cords of attraction, even if observed by others, as it were by the twitchings of an electric battery, are not always understood nor very readily explained, but when once charged, the current continues unless obstructed by some inharmonious element.

The said young lady, however, was also ambitious. Culture seemed to be one of her elements of character, and she passed an excellent examination. She was soon a first-class teacher, and afterward taught in the country for a number of consecutive terms. As kindred elements, however, will gradually mingle unless separated by mountain barriers, her bewitching smiles were too resistless for the attractive radiance of the young miller's affections, and soon by that indescribable union of hands and sympathy of hearts they were united by hymeneal bands and swept into the vortex of matrimony. Those who have not traveled so far may not understand, but they may live and learn. It was a suitably mated, and to all appearances a happy pair, well adapted to each other's wants and necessities, and in scholarly grace and refinement, the young man as a ready student, received many useful lessons in their efforts of study and mutual self-improvement. In force and brilliance he, perhaps, took the lead, but in intellectual culture, up to this time the medal was hers, but they sought to equalize their burdens, and in intellectual growth and power their progress was steady and harmonious.

The young miller being fully aroused and self-confident, now commenced the study of law. He leased his interest in the mill, became a disciple of Blackstone and soon after figured conspicuously as an attorney of much promise at the bar. Being temperate in his habits, cool and shrewd in his purchases and speculations and diligent in professional application, he soon acquired a competence, and became noted both as a counselor and a pleader at the bar. That young man had stamina, pluck and perseverance. He permitted no serious blunders, or flaws of confidence or conduct, to injure his character, and if mostly successful in his undertakings, it was because he planned ahead, and so adapted means to ends that he accomplished greater results than many who were not so cool though more confident. He thus became not only a practical and successful business man, but also a useful citizen, taking part in the progressive movements of his town and county, and in those public and private enterprises calculated to build up a community upon an independent, growing, yet self-supporting basis of prosperity. I often think of that youth and some others I might name, as bright examples for the encouragement of the young and persevering in the line of life's promotions. Our families have held the most friendly reciprocal relations for years, and a recent letter from our old friend, bearing date June 17, 1889, reviews some past affairs, as it were with pleasant recollections, and I take the liberty to make a brief extract. After referring to a recent promotion, he says:

"I am still encouraged and held to labor on with renewed energy, greater skill and graver responsibilities, and my chief desire is for strength, fortitude, judgment and knowledge sufficient to perform my duties and well. And while I feel and know that my field of labor is quite different from what it has been in the past, yet I hope I shall never hesitate to point with pride to my service in your employ as stable boy, wood chopper, and fire builder, at the "Greenwood Seminary," and to gratefully acknowledge the full and fabulous remuneration I received at your hands in the careful, sound and efficient instruction I got at that school."

That person, my friends, is now the Hon. Elijah R. Ikeler, President Judge of the 26th Judicial District of Pennsylvania, composed of the counties of Montour and Columbia, on the North Branch of the Susquehanna.

This, however, is not so much for a personal commendation, as it is for a word of advice to young men of mind and strength of will, to make the best use of their opportunities, that their lives may in consequence be more satisfactory to themselves, more beneficial to others, and useful to the world at large. Respectfully submitted,

WM. BURGESS.

LETTERS FROM DR. AND MRS. NEAL.

The following interesting letters from Dr. James B. Neal and wife, who are in China, were received by friends here recently:

PIDZEKO, 215 MILES N. W. OF CHEFOO,
Tuesday Morning, March 12, 1889.

As I have a quiet hour this morning, I want to resume my regular weekly home letters, by telling you of my trip out here, having arrived at my journey's end only yesterday afternoon.

As you doubtless know, I left Chefoo two weeks ago yesterday morning, in company with a Mr. Stooke, a recently arrived member of the China Inland Mission, in order to bring out 13,000 taels of silver for use in famine relief. We each had a cart, with about half the silver in each and kept close together all the time, being accompanied by four soldiers armed with muskets and under the command of a small officer. We usually started as soon after daylight as possible, and avoided traveling late into the night as a precaution for safety. I always kept the silver in the room with me at night and slept with a loaded revolver at my head, the soldiers not being far away. It was very interesting to Lillie and me to notice the system of changing horses which prevails here. In going from Chefoo to Wei Hien, by the great road, you pass through parts of six counties or Hien, and each of these Hien had to furnish a change of horses to our escort. In speaking of the Hien heretofore I have usually referred to them as corresponding to our townships, but the more I think of it the more I feel they should more properly be called counties, for the principal town in each Hien is a large walled city corresponding in some degree to our county seat, being the residence of the principal magistrate of the whole district, which is much larger in area than our small townships, and much more important. The village, perhaps, might be said to correspond to our township as it has no organization of its own. We really have nothing to correspond to a "fu" or prefecture, unless a congressional district might be said to do so.

Well, to return to the horses, each time we came to a Hien the officer in charge of our escort had to send to the yamen and await a change of horses, and in case we were to spend a night inside the walls, a special guard was sent to watch over our safety. Sometimes, too, the magistrate sent a couple of runners to swell our escort up to the next stage, though not always, sometimes sending only a hostler to take back the horses. This arrangement was not a special one for this occasion only, but is constantly in force for the transmission of messages between the various yamens. Once on the great road we did not pass near the Hien city but only across one corner of the county, but we found a horse stable established on the road and changed horses as usual, no one officer sending his horses across the territory of another. When we left the great western road at Wei Hien and struck off toward this famine region, we always had to go to a Hien city to change horses, even though it took us out of our way as it did once or twice. We had a very comfortable journey out, finding it pretty cold for a couple of days but after that quite bearable. We reached Wei Hien Saturday evening, expecting to spend Sunday, but on receipt of letters from Mr. Laughlin, urging the speedy sending of money for the starving people, Mr. Stooke and I got out our carts again and traveled 10 miles on Sunday afternoon, leaving Lillie to follow in company with Mr. Frank Chalfant on Wednesday. After a tedious trip of three days we reached this station on Wednesday afternoon and delivered half our silver to Mr. Laughlin for the use of the Presbyterian distributors, and also 1500 taels for use of the English Baptists who adjoin us on the west. The next morning we divided our escort, Mr. Laughlin and Mr. Stooke taking two soldiers with them to carry a lot of silver to a city some twenty miles away, and I having two soldiers and the officer to go with me to Caingchowfoo, two days' journey distant. Thursday morning I started off in a single cart and reached Chingchowfoo Friday evening about dark without mishap, where I delivered the remaining 5,000 taels to the English Baptist Mission. Here I dismissed my escort, and after a night spent at Mr. Forsyth's started back at daylight Saturday morning, hoping to be able to reach here, where I had agreed to meet Lillie, some time during Saturday night. But alas for my pleasure, I got up in the morning to find it drizzling and miserably raw and cold. However I started, hoping we might be able to pull through the 140 li before midnight. Outside the city walls we found the wind blowing a gale from the northeast which made it very disagreeable traveling. After struggling along until 3 o'clock it began to snow, and the wind increased to almost a hurricane so that I thought it too bad to ask the carter, who had to sit outside, to drive any further, so ordered him to turn into the first inn he came to; unfortunately that proved to be a little bit of a country place, with great cracks in the doors of the room I occupied, and in general most cheerless and desolate. Never were my Sabbath keeping principles put to so hard a test as when I turned into that wretched place, 60 li from where Lillie was to spend Sunday. It was so cold I stayed in bed Sunday morning until nearly 11 o'clock to keep warm and also to get rested, as I had been up long before daylight every morning except Sunday for two weeks. Before I got through my breakfast and devotion, visitors began to come in and I had a chance to do a little talking in a religious way. This, with a walk and my eating and reading, managed to use up the day which was a very raw cold one and by half past seven I was again in bed.

Monday morning I got up to find it spitting snow and the farther we went the worse it became until it proved one of the hardest storms of the season. My carter, however, persevered and by half past two in the afternoon landed here to find Lillie all alone, Mr. and Mrs Laughlin being away at a station 25 li distant. They did not get back until Tuesday morning so we had a nice quiet time together and I had a chance to take a much needed bath.

To day, Wednesday, Lillie and I got to a place called Shangkia Taoko, 25 li from here, I to assist Dr. Hunter in his relief work and Lillie to work among the women. Mr. Laughlin has now on his list about 100 villages including about 20,000 people who are receiving one cent each per day. Not all the persons in a village are enrolled, but only those needing help very badly. Dr. Hunter is enrolling 10,000, making 30,000 in all for the Presbyterians, while the Baptists are working up to the same number so as to make 60,000 in all. If the contributions warrant it, this total number is to be further increased to 100,000. We are greatly in hopes orders to enlarge may come soon for the distress is very great and many are unrelieved. As I have been here so short a time I can give few details of the state of affairs, but I shall write more fully hereafter.

Dr. Hunter expects to go back to Wei Hien in a couple of weeks and I presume we shall then take charge of his work. We found when we got here that the station which we had been expected to open, had already been begun by Dr. Hunter, so it was unnecessary for us to begin another. We are looking for Dr. and Mrs. Matteer next week or the week after and if they come we shall have a meeting altogether and decide then upon the ultimate distribution of work.

JAMES B. NEAL.

From Mrs. Neal.

SHANG KIA TAO KA,
225 Miles N. W. of Tung Chow
(In the Famine District
April 9th, 1889.

MY DEAR FRIEND:

I wish I could picture to you some of the scenes I see from day to day in my village visiting and yet they would only harrow your feelings. Old men and old women worn away to shadows of their former selves or, in the last stages of starvation, swollen so much as to be almost past recognition; little children in arms almost invariably very, very thin and wan looking; half grown children, weak and colorless and so worn looking as to tell their tale of utter misery without a word, and faces generally on men and women that need months of privation and hardship to bring to them the famished look they have. A passing look at the faces of a family almost always gives a pretty correct idea of the depth of their poverty. Then they tell you how this ones' baby, that ones' father or mother, this man's wife and daughter, that woman's only son or her two or three little children have starved to death; how so and so sold his little girl or boy to make sure of their having something to eat, and so that the money might provide for his other children for a month to come; how another man's wife hung herself to get away from the sight of her hungry, famishing babies, (one door keeper's wife ate arsenic because she couldn't bear to see her children suffer so,) how still another man has taken all he has left of his family and fled in the hope of being able to reach a land where he can get work or plant his grain where there is less fear of its being stolen before harvest time, and they will show you the deserted house with its locked door and ask you to peer into the window and see the coffin there with the unburied starved mother or father in it, and on your way you see a man pulling down his house, and ask him why he is doing it, he'll tell you to sell the timber so as to buy something for the little ones to eat—always the same reason,—for something to appease this ever recurring, knawing, hunger, or as they express it, "to paste these lips shut." Of all, the little babies look the very worst; it would wring your mother heart to see the little skeleton like bodies and hear the weak hungry cry and to watch them as they try to swallow the mess of chaff, roots, bark of trees and grass mixed together and made into a cake, (which is what the people are mostly living on now,) that their mother's chew up and put into their gaping little mouths.

The Doctor is still hard at work enrolling the sufferers and you would be pleased if you could see the energy, promptitude and the systematic way in which he is carrying on this good work, not sparing himself any weariness or hardship in furthering his work of relief. To-day he was off before nine o'clock and will not be back before to-morrow evening.

NOTE.—The Chinese authorities through the example of the missionaries were at last led to give so liberally themselves to famine relief, that the missionaries found they could give up the work of famine relief to them and Dr. and Mrs. Neal returned to their home at Tung Chow the last of May.

Fine Cabinets in vignette or scroll.
tf M'KILLIP BROS.

A Palatial Residence.

The Sunbury *Democrat* recently published an interesting biographical sketch of the great lawyer and statesman, Hon. S. P. Wolverton. Toward the close of the biography the following description of his elegant mansion, which is being built in that borough, was given:

In April, 1865, the Senator bought of Henry Bartley of Philadelphia, the stone house, corner of Arch and Front streets, which was built by Wm. McClay, in 1772. Last summer he commenced "repairing" it, everything to be finished by Christmas. But the repairing consisted of leaving only a small part of the front and one end wall standing, just enough for a sentiment. Christmas came and went and the time for finishing was extended to February 1st, then to July 1st: it is not finished yet and the architect is now given to September 1st. There are twenty-two rooms, besides two bath rooms and closets without number. The finishing is being done without reference to cost. Bath room with wainscoting of glazed tile, ceilings of paneled walnut and oak, mantels carved and finished in the highest art, tile facings to grates, painted by artists of note, the onyx of Mexico also coming to aid in the decoration of this palatial home. The stairway is probably the finest in the State, outside of Philadelphia, costing itself some three thousand dollars. Besides this one the Senator has a handsome summer residence at Wildwood Beach by the sea, a place in which he is interested with several others, and which bids fair to become a large and fashionable resort.

Consumption Surely Cured

TO THE EDITOR—Please inform your readers that I have a positive remedy for the above named disease. By its timely use thousands of hopeless cases have been permanently cured. I shall be glad to send two bottles of my remedy FREE to any of your readers who have consumption if they will send me their express and post office address. Respectfully, T. A. SLOCUM M. C., 181 Pearl St., New York. [sept-21-1y

Life size crayons in gold frames only $10.
tf M'KILLIP BROS.

100 Ladies Wanted

And 100 men to call on any druggist for a *free* trial package of Lane's Family Medicine, the great root and herb remedy, discovered by Dr. Silas Lane while in the Rocky Mountains. For diseases of the blood, liver and kidneys it is a positive cure. For constipation and clearing up the complexion it does wonders. Children like it. Everyone praises it. Large-size package, 50 cents. At all druggists.
Apr. 26-6m.

Delinquent Subscriber—I don't like the "Spread Eagle" as I used to. I think the paper is rather dry.

Sarcastic Editor—I don't see how it can be dry. There is considerable due on your copy.—*Ex.*

A Board of Health Disgusted

Trouble is brewing in the local Board of Health of Williamsport and several of the members threaten to resign. Ever since the flood the board has been actively engaged in improving the sanitary condition of the city, although continuously hampered by indifferent members, whose absence prevented meetings by the lack of a quorum. The board asked Councils for an appropriation of $10,000, but under the plea of economy only $2000 was appropriated. This is not considered sufficient to continue the work already commenced and the members are about disgusted.

Don't Give Up

because you feel blue and are troubled with that tired and all-gone feeling. Do as I did, use a bottle of Sulphur Bitters, it will make you feel like a new person; it did me.

JENNIE HOLMES,
354 Tremont street, Boston.

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.

When Baby was sick, we gave her Castoria.
When she was a Child, she cried for Castoria.
When she became Miss, she clung to Castoria.
When she had Children, she gave them Castoria.

WANAMAKER'S.

PHILADELPHIA, Monday, July 15, 1889.

Closed Saturdays at 1 P. M.

If your buying thought is Dress Goods, write to us stating the kind of fabric you have in mind, or the purpose for which you desire to use it, with the price you wish to pay, and we will promptly place in your hands samples of the best we can supply at the price. That should mean the best anywhere, for the Wanamaker stock of Dress Goods is the largest and best selected we know of in the world. If you do not know the technical name of the goods, no matter; tell us how they look to your eyes, or how you suppose they look, and we will find them.

Just so of anything else; settle on what you want, as near as may be and write for it.

Sporting things,
Fishing tackle,
Furnishing goods,
Toilet articles,
Millinery fixings,
Books of every sort,

and the thousand other things for home use or wear or house decorating that we have a store full of. tf.

JOHN WANAMAKER.

LOCAL NOTICES.

M'Killip

BLOOMSBURG.

Fine Cabinet portraits only $3. doz. Life size Crayons only $10.00. Viewing, copying and enlarging. Instant process used. tf.

Bananas 15 for 25c at
The Great Eastern Tea Co.

Table linens, towels, table covers, counterpanes, &c., at Clark & Son's.

Lemons 20c a dozen at
The Great Eastern Tea Co.

The best lines of corsets. Corset waists for children only 29c at Clark & Son's.

Bananas, wholesale and retail at
The Great Eastern Tea Co.

Clark & Son are closing out lots of Summer dress goods at remarkably low prices. Dress ginghams, seersuckers, batiste, challies, &c.

Picnics and Festivals supplied at the closest possible prices obtainable at
THE GREAT EASTERN.

Silk mitts, 2 pair lisle thread gloves for 25c. (black only). Ribbons, laces, hosiery of all kinds, underwear, pocket books, hair ornaments, jewelry, &c. at Clark & Son's.

Just received to-day 10 boxes of Keebler's fine assorted cakes and crackers at
The Great Eastern Tea Co.

Now is your time to buy an embroidered White Dress. Clark & Son are closing out the balance of their stock for the season.

Soaps at The Great Eastern. The best makes in the market.

Gold Dust for scouring and scrubbing has

A PRESIDENT'S WIDOW DEAD.

THE WIFE OF THE TENTH PRESIDENT EXPIRES FROM A CONGESTIVE CHILL.

The widow of ex-President John Tyler died at the Exchange hotel, at Richmond, Virginia, on July 10th, from a congestive chill. Mrs. Tyler had only been at the hotel since Sunday evening, having come from a visit to her son, Lyon G. Tyler, at Williamsburg, and was to have left here on Monday on a visit to another son, on the James River, but, feeling unwell, she kept her room. Tuesday, at 11 o'clock, she was taken with a chill. Dr. Edward McGuire was sent for and he was soon joined by Dr. Hunter McGuire, but medical skill proved of no avail, and she died at quarter past 5 o'clock that afternoon. Mrs. Tyler leaves four children: Lyon G. Tyler, President of William and Mary College, Va.; Gardiner G. Tyler, who lives in Charles City County, Va.; Dr. Lacklan Tyler, of Washington City, and Mrs. William Ellis, of Montgomery County.

Julia Gardiner Tyler, second wife of John Tyler, tenth President of the United States, was born on Gardiner's Island, near East Hampton, N. Y., in 1820. She was educated at the Chegary Institute, New York City, and after a short time spent in traveiling through Europe, she came to Washington with her father in 1844. A few weeks after their arrival they accepted an invitation from President Tyler to attend a pleasure excursion down the river on the war steamer Princeton. The festivities on this occasion were sadly marred by the explosion of a gun on the vessel, causing loss of life. Among those killed was Miss Gardiner's father. His body was taken to the White House, and Miss Gardiner was thrown a great deal into the society of the President, owing to the peculiar circumstances attending her father's death. President Tyler's first wife had died shortly after he entered the White House, and the President paid Miss Gardiner marked attention, which resulted in their marriage in New York City, June 26, 1844. For the succeeding eight months of President Tyler's term, she presided over the White House with tact, grace and dignity. After the 4th of March, 1845, Mrs. Tyler returned with her husband to the seclusion of their country place, "Sherwood Forest," on the banks of the James River, Va. She remained in Virginia until after the civil war, her husband having died about the beginning of the strife, and then went to reside at her mother's residence, on Castleton Hill, Staten Island. After several years' residence there she removed to Richmond, Va., where she died. Mrs. Tyler was a Roman Catholic in religion.

Mrs. Tyler was a tall, graceful woman who last winter passed much of her time at Washington, where she introduced her grand-daughter, Miss Julia Spencer, in society. She has not resided on the old Tyler homestead, on the James River, since the war. Mrs. Tyler, like Mrs. Cleveland, married a President in office, and a correespondent who visited her last October, describes her appearance, and tells the story of her marriage as follows:

Mrs. Tyler's heavy black hair, sprinkled with a few gray lines, was parted in the middle, and the thick braids covered the back of the head while one rested on the top like a crown. It was an old fashion, but very becoming. I was struck with her complexion, which was clear, and the cheeks were so pink that a 16 year-old girl might envy the tint. Above all were her wondrous gray eyes.

MRS. TYLER'S ROMANTIC COURTSHIP.

"Won't you tell me how you met President Tyler?" she was asked.

"Well, to begin at the first. I was born on Gardiner's Island, three miles from land. I was a descendent of the first white child born of British parents in the state of New York, and the child of the first white child born in Connecticut. My name, as you know, was Julia Gardiner. There I grew up until my schooling was finished and then my father took my sister and me to Europe for the finishing touches, as it were. While we were in Paris we heard of the death of President Harrison, and we American girls all wore crape around our wrists in mourning for a long time. President Tyler we knew was the successor, and I had a little canary which I brought back with me, that I had named 'Johnny Ty,' in honor of President John Tyler."

"Did you not know him then?"

"No. But on our return my father took my sister and me to Washington. We met the president and became great friends, but I never thought of loving him then. I was not yet 20 and he was easily 35 years older than I, but I thought him very nice, and I was very gay and frivolous, and, of course, was flattered by his friendship. There was a grand reception held in the White House on Washington's birthday. All people of note were there, and it was very brilliant. I had been dancing with a young man who was not pleased with the attention the President had been paying me. We had just stopped and were walking about when the President came up, and drawing my arm through his, said to the young man: 'I must claim Miss Gardiner's company for awhile.' The young man drew off and looked as if he would like to say: 'Well, you are impudent,' but he didn't. I walked around with the President and he proposed then. I had never thought of love, so I said: 'No, no, no,' and shook my head with each word, which flung the tassel of my Greek cap into his face with every move. It was undignified; but it amused me very much to see his expression as he tried to make love to me and the tassel brushed his face. I did not tell my father. I was his pet, yet I feared that he would blame me for allowing the President to reach the proposing point, so I did not speak of it to any one.

"How were you dressed the night the President proposed?"

"I wore a white tarletan. It was very pretty and very becoming. On head I wore a crimson Greek cap. I was very gay and young or I never would have dared to toss the tassel in a President's face.

"After I lost my father I felt differently towards the President. He seemed to fill the place and to be more agreeable in every way than any younger man ever was or could be. He composed a very pretty song about me then—'Sweet Lady, Awake.' At last he proposed again, and I wrote him I was willing this time, if my mother would consent. She told him that she would never consent to my marriage, but if I was determined she would not object. I was in deep mourning. So the President told only one member of his family, General John Tyler, and I told my immediate family. We were married very quietly on the 26th day of June, 1844, in the Church of the Ascension, New York. I was dressed in pure white lisse, with a veil of the same, which was not even hemmed. I wore a wreath of orange blossoms, but no jewelry. I never liked jewelry, yet I always wore a diamond star on my forehead, with a slender gold chain encircling my head. It was called the 'Feronia.' After my father's death I replaced it with a black stone. We left for Washington the same day we were married. I took off my wedding dress and put on a deep black traveling gown of baize, and wore no ornament. During my time in the White House, I wore black during the day, and white or black lace over white in the evening."

Mrs. Tyler had seven children, of whom four of her five sons are living and one of her daughters, Pearl, now Mrs. W. H. Ellis. Mrs. Tyler never wore much jewelry. Two great solitaires sparkled in her ears in competition with the sparkle of her great gray eyes, and at her throat she always wore one brooch. She has worn it constantly since she received it as a present from a stranger while she was in Washington. It is a painting on ivory of her husband.

GREAT FLOODS OF FORMER YEARS

Loskiel mentions that in the Spring of 1771 there was a great flood in the Susquehanna, which compelled the Indians of Wyoming to leave their homes and take to the hills.

In a memorandum on file at Harrisburg, signed by Robert Martin and John Franklin, they state that "on the 15th of March, 1784, the Susquehanna rose into a flood exceeding all degrees ever known before; so sudden as to give no time to guard against the mischief; that it swept away one hundred and fifty houses, with all the provisions, furniture and farming tools and cattle of the owners, and gave but little opportunity for the inhabitants to fly for their lives. One thousand persons were left destitute of provisions, clothing and every means of life.

The next great freshet was on the 28th of June, 1829, and again in 1847, on March 12. The canal was broken, mails stopped, Milton bridge injured, the bridge on the North Branch, at Northumberland, carried away, as well as the one at Duncan's Island, and at Harrisburg, in part. October 9, 1848, the river rose very high. It was said to be one foot higher than in 1847.

On July 18 and 19, 1851, a northeast storm raged for thirty-two hours. The flood of 1784 was called the "Ice Flood." The winter had been one of unusual severity, and it became suddenly warm and rain poured in torrents. It resembled the flood of 1865.

The "Pumpkin Flood" was in October, 1786, and less in height than that of 1784. An immense number of pumpkins were swept from the fields and astonished the inhabitants below.

The flood in October, 1847, is stated to have been three or four feet higher than was ever known before, and the Juniata was thirty feet above low water mark.

The flood of 1865 was four feet nine inches above the mark of 1847, and the flood of 1889 is now stated at three feet above that of 1865. In 1865 the highest point was reached on Saturday morning, March 18. The accounts of 1865 show that the bridges suffered most—Farrandsville bridge half gone, Lock Haven and Liberty bridges, also Jersey Shore, Pine Creek aqueduct, all gone; Williamsport half; Muncy one span; Railroad bridge at Montgomery one span; Allenwood, three spans; Milton, all gone. A. M. Lawshe lost a house on the dam where he lost one this year. J. MERRILL LINN.—*Lewisburg News.*

A Glimpse of Her Future.

Flossie is six years old. "Mamma" she asked one day, "if I get married will I have a husband like Pa?"

"Yes," replied the mother with an amused smile.

"And if I don't get married will I have to be an old maid like Aunt Kate?"

"Yes."

"Mamma" (after a pause)—"It's a tough world for us women, ain't it?"

PERFECTLY SATISFACTORY.

"Have you any work on punctuation?" she asked at the book store.

"Sorry to say we are just out."

"Well, perhaps you could tell me what I want to know. What does a mark under a word signify?"

"That is to emphasize the word."

"Oh—I see. Thank you."

And as she passed out a clerk heard her whisper to herself:

"And James put five marks under the word 'Dear!'"

A TRAMP PHILOSOPHER.

First Tramp—"Ere comes a benevolent-lookin' old chap, pard. Let's tackle 'im for the price of a night's lodgin'."

Second Ditto (something of a philosopher)—"Don't you think of it, Bill; let's wait for somebody that's half full. Them benevolent-lookin' ducks' always wants to organize themselves into a society, elect a board of directors,, and 'ire a orfice afore they gives you a cent. T'other sort is the sort to lay for."

A THOUGHTFUL FRIEND.

"Who was that you bowed to on the car?" she asked of her friend, as they stood in a store door on Woodward avenue.

"That's Katie——."

"How sweetly she bowed back."

"Yes, we love each other dearly. When her father died last year I was the only friend she had thoughtful enough to count the carriages and tell her there were forty seven."

EXPATRIATED.

Particular Boarder—"This fish, waiter—"

Truthful Waiter—"Was killed this morning.

Particular Boarder (approvingly)—"You did right to kill it."

Truthful Waiter (inquiringly)—"Yes, sir?"

Particular Boarder (firmly)—"Because it had been ashore so long it had forgot how to swim and would have drowned if ever it went to sea again."

A Private Bull-Fight.

A rich Mexican lately had twenty bulls turned loose in his yard, and single-handed and alone he enjoyed the spectacle of contests between them until they were tired out and could fight no more.

Dyspepsia

Makes the lives of many people miserable, and often leads to self-destruction. We know of no remedy for dyspepsia more successful than Hood's Sarsaparilla. It acts gently, yet sure and efficiently, tones the stomach and other organs, removes the faint feeling, creates a good appetite, cures headache, and refreshes the burdened mind. Give Hood's Sarsaparilla a fair trial. It will do you good.

ORIGIN OF DOMESTIC ANIMALS.

THE ANCESTORS OF THE ASS, THE CAT, THE, HORSE AND THE GOOSE.

In studying zoological distribution the range of the domestic animals is not to be taken into consideration, for man has been so long engaged in scattering them over the world that it is now impossible to trace their original homes. Indeed, any attempt to assign them to wild progenitors must to a large extent be simply guesswork. The tame cattle of our farmyards and fields may perhaps be sprung from the urus and other wild oxen which at one time roamed through the vast forests of Europe, and the sty-living pig from the fierce hog which still hold their own in many parts of the continent and in the thickets of Northern Africa. In like manner the cat is supposed to be descended from a Persian ancestor, and the various dogs of different barbarous tribes can with some confidence be considered merely the tamed wolves, foxes or jackals of the regions which they inhabit.

The ass is evidently a civilized form of the wild ass of Abyssinia, *asinus taeniopus*, but it is doubtful whether we have yet made any progress in the search after the progenitors of the horse and the camel. No doubt the so-called wild horse has been found in Central Asia, and wild camels are not unfrequent in the same region. But whether these animals are not tame species which have escaped from domestication long ago and re-established their freedom is a question to which a favorable answer might quite as readily be given as to the contrary thesis. The turkey, it is certain came from America; the peacock is an Indian bird; and the guinea fowl was originally from Africa.

The domestic goose is regarded as descended from the grey leg or common wild goose, though all the species are capable of domestication, while the duck in our ponds is in its wild state known as the mallard. But the domestic fowl has been so long a servant for man that it is now mere speculation to attempt to assign to its progenitor any exact home, the Bankiva fowl of Java and other islands of Malaysia having no better claim to this distinction than the jungle fowl of India, which for a time was proclaimed as the barbarous ancestor of the farmyard hen. Much the same remarks may be made regarding the honey bee, the silkworm and the Mexican cochineal. For though they have all been traced to wild forms they have been kept so long under the control of man that their exact origin is either lost or at best doubtful.

NEAL DOW'S LONE ADVANCE.

We have forgot where this episode of the war took place, and the gentleman who related the story to us several years ago is now beyond our reach. But it is good history and ought to be recorded. Perhaps some reader may be able to supply the names and dates which we omit.

The Federal and Confederate forces were preparing for a battle. The Federal commander and his staff, seated upon their horses, were consulting near the right of the line, drawn up in the edge of the woods. General Neal Dow was standing in front of his command, a very small man, with a tremendously big hat on his head and a monstrous sword dangling on the ground at his side, a picture such as one seldom sees outside the comic collections. An aide told General Dow (perhaps he was only Colonel Dow then) that the commander wished to see him. General Dow strode down the line, the soldiers laughing at the sight.

"General Dow," said the commander, "you will march out into that opening yonder, take a position on that knoll, and hold it until further orders"—something to that effect.

In sight of the entire right wing of the army General Dow went marching into the opening, his long, heavy sword clanking on the ground behind him, his big hat making him look like a grasshopper under a toadstool. The commander heard the army laughing, and looked for the cause.

"Who is that walking across the opening?" he asked.

"That is General Dow," said everybody.

An aide was sent to bring him back.

"General Dow," said the commander, "why did you go out there alone? Why did you not take your command with you?"

"Dear me, General," said Dow, "I beg a thousand pardons. I didn't know you meant for me to take anybody with me. You didn't say so, you know."—*Washington Post.*

"John, wake up! I hear a noise in the kitchen. There's somebody in the house!"

(Jumping out of bed.)—"Don't be afraid, Maria. I'll drive him out! Be calm, darling."

"Don't go down that steep stairway with your revolver cocked, John. It might go off before you are ready."

(Crawling back into bed.)—"Mrs. Billus, if you haven't any confidence in my management of burglars, you can take the revolver and go down yourself."—Chicago Tribune.

Morris Parke—"There is Franklin de Belleville. Let's turn down the street."

Madison Squeer—"I thought that you and he were great friends."

Morris Parke—"So we are; but he moved into the suburbs lately, and I don't want to hear anything about his garden."—Puck.

An Attack of Gravel.

The Terrible Suffering of a Woman at 60.—How She was Happily Cured.

There is nothing I now enjoy that I do not owe to having used Dr. David Kennedy's Favorite Remedy, made at Rondout, N. Y. My troubles began in my kidneys and from which I never expected to recover. First there were pains in my back, I was feverish, with no appetite and could not sleep, I was compelled to use a cane, and finally got so weak that I could not stand alone. The distress in my back was terrible. I was burning up with a fever or constantly shivering as if cold. My physicians said

I HAD BRIGHT'S DISEASE,

which was alarming information. To add to my affliction after I had been ill about two years, I had a bad attack of Gravel. When this made its appearance my physician gave up my case, and I resigned myself to die. I had four doctors attend me, the best in the country, yet I constantly grew worse. Six years ago last June, how well I remember the time! I saw Dr. Kennedy's Favorite Remedy advertised in our paper. After using one bottle I threw away my cane and went to New York on a visit, and three bottles cured me. I have never had a return of Gravel, nor of the pains or weakness in the back, and though I am over sixty years of age I am

Now Vigorous and Strong

as I was in my prime. I do all my own work and rarely know what it is to be tired. I keep the medicine in the house and give it to my grandchildren, and recommend it whenever I can. What physicians and all of the various remedies I had taken could not do, Dr. Kennedy's Favorite Remedy did—it stayed the disease and made me a strong, vigorous woman.

Mrs. Emeline F. Misner, Burg Hill, Ohio.

FAVORITE REMEDY.

Price One dollar. Prepared at Rondout, N. Y.

Dr. Kennedy's Favorite Remedy.

Prepared by

DR. DAVID KENNEDY, RONDOUT, N. Y.

$5 per bottle 6 for $5. By all druggists.

Poor, Foolish Men.

TAKE A WOMAN'S ADVICE.

This is only the second time in eight weeks that I have had to polish my boots, and yet I had hard work getting my husband to give up his old blacking brush, and the annoyance of having the paste blacking rub off on his pants, and adopt

Wolff's ACME Blacking

A magnificent Deep Black Polish, which lasts on Men's boots a week, and on Women's a month.

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The undersigned having been restored to health by simple means, after suffering for several years with a severe lung affection, and that dread disease Consumption, is anxious to make known to his fellow sufferers the means of cure. To those who desire it, he will cheerfully send (free of charge) a copy of the prescription used, which they will find a sure cure for Consumption, Asthma, Catarrh, Bronchitis and all throat and lung Maladies. He hopes all sufferers will try his Remedy, as it is invaluable. Those desiring the prescription, which will cost them nothing, and may prove a blessing, will please address, Rev. Edward A. Wilson, Williamsburg, Kings County, New York. A-&-co.-1ec-7-1y

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Can also furnish any of the cheaper makes at manufacturers prices. Do not buy a piano before getting our prices.

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Sept. p-13.

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THE GREAT

German Remedy.

TRUTHS FOR THE SICK.

For those deathly Billions Spells depend on SULPHUR BITTERS it will cure you.

Do you suffer with that tired and all gone feeling; if so, use SULPHUR BITTERS it will cure you.

Operatives who are closely confined in the mills and workshops; clerks, who do not procure sufficient exercise, and all who are confined in doors, should use SULPHUR BITTERS. They will not then be weak and sickly.

If you do not wish to suffer from Rheumatism, use a bottle of SULPHUR BITTERS and it never fails to cure.

Don't be without a bottle. Try it; you will not regret it.

Ladies in delicate health, who are all run down, should use SULPHUR BITTERS.

$1,000 will be paid for a case where SULPHUR BITTERS will not assist or cure. It never fails.

Cleanse the vitiated blood when you see its impurities burst through the skin in Pimples, Blotches and Sores. Rely on SULPHUR BITTERS and health will follow.

SULPHUR BITTERS will cure Liver Complaint. Don't be discouraged; it will cure you.

SULPHUR BITTERS will build you up and make you strong and healthy.

SULPHUR BITTERS will make your blood pure, rich and strong, and your flesh hard.

TRY SULPHUR BITTERS to-night, and rest well all night; you will feel better for it.

Do you want the best Medical Work published? Send 3 2-cent stamps to A. P. Ordway & Co., Boston, Mass., and receive a copy, free.

MORRISTOWN, TENN., July 4, 1888.

The Swift Specific Co., Atlanta, Ga.:

Gentlemen—Five years ago I was so unfortunate as to contract an extremely bad case of blood poison. My bones ached and my muscles began to swell and contract. I was under treatment of the physician from the inception of the disease until I found that he could do me no good. Then, through the advice of a friend I began taking S. S. S. Your medicine seemed to have an immediate effect. I took six bottles, and to-day am sound and well. That was two or three years ago, but I have seen no evidence of the return of the disease, and I take this opportunity to thank you for what it has done for me. It saved my life. You can refer any one to me. R. M. Wall.

FARMERSVILLE, TEX., June 22, 1888.

The Swift Specific Co., Atlanta, Ga.:

Gentlemen—The mother of a member of our firm was afflicted with a cancerous sore on her face for about twenty years. During the past few years it troubled her very much by continued pain and itching. She used your S. S. S., and the sore has disappeared and is apparently well. Should it break out again, will advise you.

Very truly,

PENDLETON, YEARLY & RILEY, Druggists.

Three books mailed free on application.

THE SWIFT SPECIFIC CO.,

Drawer 3. Atlanta, Ga.

THE FIRST GREENBACK.

Gaddis, a Cincinatti hack-driver, treasures a one dollar bill of the first greenback issue. The Enquirer of that city tells that Salmon P. Chase, while Secretary of the Treasury, visited Cincinatti.

"Shine, sir!" shouted Gaddis, then a bootblack, to a stranger in the Burnett House lobby.

"Do your prettiest," said the gentleman, with a smile, "and I'll give you my photograph."

The boy did not fall in very heartily with the proposition, as he had no particular use for photographs of his customers, but after a little bantering he took the job.

At the finish the gentleman handed the boy a brand-new one dollar bill. "That's my photograph," said he walking away.

The boy glanced from his customer to the bill in momentary perplexity. Then the strong resemblance which his customer bore to the vignette in one corner of the greenback caught his eye and he knew that the Secretary of the Treasury had been having a little fun with him at his own expense.

A Woman's Strange Taste.

How much are slate pencils?" asked a woman as she stepped into a stationery store yesterday morning.

"Ten cents a dozen."

"Give me one dozen."

Then unwrapping the package, she deliberately began to eat the pencils. Yes, eat them, not just chip the ends with her teeth, as do school children, but biting off substantial quarter-inch pieces and crushing and swallowing them with infinite relish. This was a remarkable achievement for a staid, matronly person, such as she appeared to be, and naturally was questioned concerning this strange propensity. From what she had said in replying it seems that this unusual system of diet was by no means confined to slate pencils. Gravel is a staple article of food with her, properly strained and assorted; oyster and clam shells and friable sandstone she masticates as a man eats soda cracker, and asks for more."—*Auburn (Me.) Gazettee.*

Grapes for Weakly and Sickly Persons.

Many persons who are weak and sickly are at a loss to know what will restore their health. Speer's Port Wine and Unfermented Grape Juice are the best restoratives known. It is especially recommended for its purity, exquisite flavor and healthy properties. Medical men certify to its valuable medical powers and blood making property. Mr. Speer has been for years engaged in preparing and perfecting this wine, and it requires a four years process before it is fit for market.—*N. Y. Baptist.*

Sold by druggists.

Marriage in Madagascar.

When a father in Madagascar gets a notion that his daughter ought to marry he puts a rope around her neck and leads her forth, and the first young man he offers her to has got to take her or pay a forfeit. The father thus saves the expense of light and fuel incident to two years' courtship, and the young man also saves on opera tickets and ice-cream. But the spectacle of young men darting up alleys and climbing over back fences when a father starts out leading his daughter with a rope around her neck must be a very common one in Madagascar.

Omaha Chief—"And when the shooting began you ran away from the melee?"

Proud Policeman—"Yes."

O. C.—Did you not know you would be called a coward all your life?"

P. P.—"I made a hasty calculation to that effect, but I thought I would rather be a coward all my life than a corpse for fifteen minutes.—Omaha World.

A jeweler in Rutland, Vt., recently repaired a watch that was 250 years old. Although not large in circumference it was an inch and a quarter thick and very heavy. It was made in Switzerland and valued at $500.

Maud—"So you are going to marry your father's cashier."

Isabella—"Yes. Pa says that if he runs away with the bank's funds, the money will still be in the family."—Munsey's Weekly.

He—"Will you be mine?"

She (curtly)—"No."

He—"May I be yours?"

She (graciously)—"Yes."—Puck.

CATARRH,

Catarrhal Deafness and Hay Fever,

A NEW HOME TREATMENT.

Sufferers are not generally aware that these diseases are contagious, or that they are due to the presence of living parasites in the lining membrane of the nose and eustachian tubes. Microscopic research, however, has proved this to be a fact and the result is that a simple remedy has been formulated whereby catarrh, catarrhal deafness and hay fever are permanently cured in from one to three simple applications made at home by the patient once in two weeks. N. B.—For catarrhal discharges peculiar to females (whites) this remedy is a specific. A pamphlet explaining this new treatment is sent on receipt of ten cents by A. H. Dixon & Son, 304 West King St., Toronto, Canada.—*Scientific American.*

Sufferers from catarrhal troubles should read the above carefully.

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with views of all sorts connected with the terrible scenes of the mighty inundation. 12mo. 400 pages. Price $1.50—Liberal Terms. Thousands want it. DEMAND IS IMMENSE. Send quickly 30c for outfit to J. W. KEELER & Co., 529 Chestnut street, Philadelphia, Pa. June 21.

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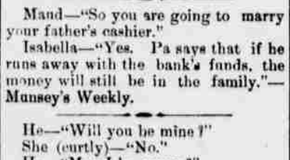

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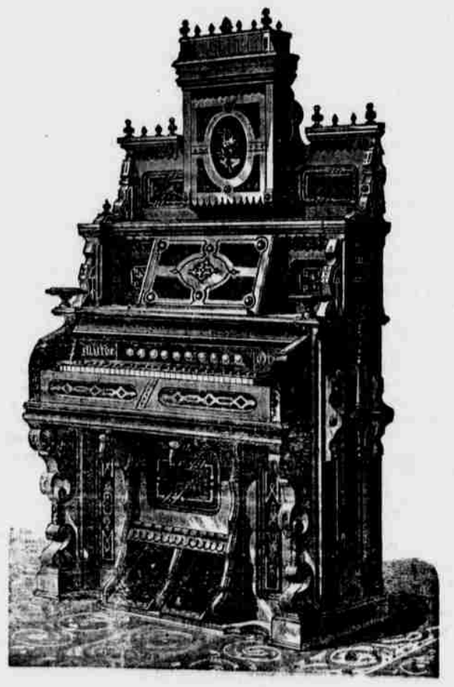

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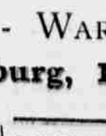

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